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GRADED LESSONS IN SPELLING

INCLUDING SYSTEMATIC WORK IN
WORD BUILDING AND SYNONYMS

UC-NRLF



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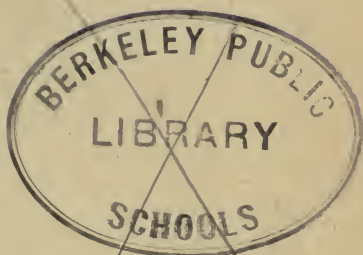
W. C. DODD

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Education





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GRADED LESSONS IN SPELLING

SIXTH, SEVENTH, AND EIGHTH
YEAR GRADES



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YEAR GRADES

BY

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UNITED STATES," ETC.

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PREFACE

Some twenty-five or thirty years ago spelling was taught almost entirely by the oral method. Since then it has come to be taught almost entirely through written exercises. Many people believe that the school children of today cannot spell as well as could those of twenty-five years ago, and some have attributed the cause to this change in method. Others have attributed it to the fact that the subject of spelling is not given as important a place in courses of study as in former years. While there is much merit in the last contention, it is not the main reason why better results are not being secured in the schools from the time devoted to spelling. The failure to employ in the school room the principles of pedagogy which underlie teaching and learning to spell, constitutes the main reason, and it is to these principles that special attention is directed.

When a person spells a word correctly he does so as a result of one or more of these three conditions: (1) He remembers the letters and their positions in the word as a matter of memory purely, as he remembers the color and order of a number of houses on a street he has frequently traveled; (2) he determines the letters and their positions in the word from the sounds resulting from its proper pronunciation, bearing in mind, as a matter of pure memory, those words in which a letter has not its ordinary sound or is not sounded at all; (3) he remembers the letters and their positions in the word from the mental picture which he has of it, in the same way that he recalls the details of a building or landscape which he has seen and of which he has a mental picture. It follows, therefore, that the main factors in teaching and learning to spell are the

memory, the letter sounds and word pronunciation, and the word picture or image,—the memory, of course, being important also in connection with word pronunciation and word image.

These three factors have given rise to several methods for teaching spelling, the two more important being the oral method and the written method. As stated above, the oral method was employed some twenty-five years ago almost exclusively, but has since been displaced by the written method. The oral method always emphasizes the memory factor and usually the factor of word pronunciation, the pupil being drilled in pronouncing words as well as in spelling them orally. The written method emphasizes the factor of word image, and incidentally the factor of memory, the word image being stamped on the memory through the sense of sight. The written method does not provide for oral spelling nor for word pronunciation on the part of the pupil.

It is no doubt true that the oral method, by actual results secured, has proven itself superior to the written method. Daily drill in oral spelling, and the "spelling down" and "going ahead" practice, contribute strongly to the making of good spellers. The drill in pronunciation is also a strong factor in favor of oral spelling, and this is admitted even by those who are inclined to emphasize unduly the importance of the fact that letters have not a constant sound value in the syllable. The strongest point in favor of the written method is the fact that it stamps the word image on the memory through the sense of sight—the most keenly trained and highly developed of the senses. That this is most important is indicated by the fact that many persons in deciding how to spell a word will write it to see if it "looks right," or, in other words, to recall its picture or image. But while the word-image factor is very important in spelling, just how important it is cannot be de-

terminated. Nor is it of vital importance to determine the relative value in learning to spell, of memory, of word pronunciation, and of word image. All of these facts are of prime importance, and the great mistake made has been not in a failure to determine their relative importance, but in using a method that emphasizes one to the detriment of the others, the result of the exclusive use of either the oral or the written method. These two methods should be combined in the teaching of spelling to the end that the best results of each shall be secured. This can easily be done. For a more detailed discussion of these points, and a discussion of the value of word work in connection with spelling, see "Explanatory and Suggestive" a few pages further on.

WILLIAM C. DOUB

San Francisco, California

October, 1906

SOME SOUND PEDAGOGY

“For some reason the graduates of the public schools today are not as good spellers as were the graduates of the public schools thirty and forty years ago. The cause of this is the discarding of the text-book and the combining of the spelling with the other work. The reasons which make the combination of reading and language desirable do not obtain in spelling. Spelling is the multiplication table of our written language, and must, aside from a few helpful rules, be learned by rote. In theory the combination of the spelling with the other work may be all right, but in practice the average teacher will obtain much better results if she will use some good text-book, and insist on thorough work and drilling. In spelling, the old way is the shortest after all.”

EXPLANATORY AND SUGGESTIVE

Amount and Nature of Subject Matter.—This speller provides work for seven grades. There are one hundred and sixty lessons for each grade, the number of words per lesson increasing from four in the second year grade to twelve and sixteen in the eighth year grade. Not counting the words repeated for purposes of review, this speller contains about eight thousand words, the number per grade increasing from five hundred and sixty in the second year grade to eighteen hundred in the eighth year grade. In the second, third, fourth and fifth year grades each word is used in a sentence. This is done for the purpose of illustrating the use and meaning of the word, giving the teacher material for dictation, and, incidentally, giving the pupil valuable information, as the sentences, paragraphs, and stanzas used for illustrations were selected or prepared with regard to interest, information and language, many of the selections being classic. In the sixth, seventh and eighth year grades fewer of the words are used in sentences, it being deemed unnecessary to provide so much illustrative material for these older pupils. Word building is introduced into the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth year grades, there being ten lessons on prefixes and suffixes in the fifth year grade, and twenty on roots in each of the three more advanced grades. This work is placed at regular intervals throughout, and it is deemed an ample amount of word analysis for the grammar grades.

Grading.—In grading the work in this speller these three objects have been kept in view: To select no word with which the pupil has not already become familiar in his other work; to select the words most commonly used, avoiding technical

and special words; to omit those words which the pupil will be able to spell as a matter of course because of their similarity to words selected. It is not claimed that these three objects have been fully attained, in fact they never will be fully attained, but in this work the author has been assisted by a corps of teachers chosen from among the ablest elementary school instructors of California. Nearly all the words selected for a grade are used by the pupil from ten to a hundred times or more in his other work in that grade. This will serve to indicate the care with which all the points in grading have been considered.

Reviews.—The reviews have been so arranged that about one-third of the eight thousand words in this speller are reviewed once, about one-ninth of them are reviewed twice, and about four hundred of them are reviewed three times. In the second, third, fourth and fifth year grades every tenth lesson is a review lesson and consists of one-third of all the words in the preceding nine lessons. At the end of each of these grades are five review lessons which contain one-third of all the words in the fifteen regular review lessons of the grade. From fifty to seventy of the words in a grade are repeated in the succeeding grade. In the sixth, seventh and eighth year grades the provisions for reviews are exactly the same except that every sixth lesson, instead of every tenth one, is a review lesson, this change being made because of the larger number of words in these grades. In addition to these rather full provisions for review, the teacher is urged (see discussion of “Methods” which follows) to provide for the old practice of “spelling down” and “going ahead.” Such exercises will serve as excellent reviews as well as constitute the best oral drill for teaching spelling.

Methods: (a) Oral and Written Methods—This book is especially suited for the combination of the oral and written

methods of teaching spelling, and it is urged that this plan be followed. First the written method may be used until from five to ten lessons have been completed. Then there should be an oral recitation covering these lessons and as many more of the lessons that may have been completed in the grade as the teacher may deem wise. The teacher is urged to adopt the "spelling down" practice in this work, and other similar devices, in order to stimulate interest. In connection with the oral work great pains should be taken to make sure that the pupils can pronounce all the words correctly. In recent years correct pronunciation has been badly neglected.

(b) Thoroughness and Defining—In order to guard against hasty and unsatisfactory work, the words for each grade have been divided into short lessons. It is suggested that the pupil be held responsible for the correct spelling and pronunciation of every word. If it be found that a class can do more work than is here assigned for a lesson it is an easy matter to assign a lesson and a half or two lessons, or all the words in the illustrative material, but this should never be done at the sacrifice of thoroughness. In teaching spelling the value of careful drill and thorough work should be kept constantly in view. While it is unwise to require the pupil to define accurately all the words in his spelling lesson—able scholars cannot readily define accurately many of the simplest words—he should understand the use and meaning of these words. In most cases he will be able to do this by noting their use in the sentences given for illustration. He should be held strictly responsible for a careful study of the meaning and use of words in connection with these sentences.

(c) Word Building or Word Analysis—While the rules for spelling are given in this book, it is believed that entirely too much stress is often placed on their importance. It is safe, perhaps, to say that not one adult out of a thousand ever relies,

to any extent whatever, on the rules of spelling when deciding how a word should be spelled. Spelling with the average person must finally become almost automatic. It is deemed important, however, for the pupil to understand something about the real structure of the language, and for this reason systematic work on word building extends from the fifth to the eighth grade inclusive. This work is important and should receive the teacher's careful consideration, but she should not forget that the study of word analysis can easily be overdone in the elementary schools. The amount of this work in this speller is considered ample for these grades, but all that is here given should be thoroughly mastered. The development and arrangement of the word-building lessons will suggest the method of study to teacher and pupil.

(d) Synonyms—In the eighth year grade, lessons 121-150 consist of synonyms. The introductory lesson and the eight illustrative lessons suggest the method of study. The introductory lesson (121) indicates the importance of this work. In the preparation of this work, "Synonyms Discriminated," by Charles John Smith, was used as the standard of authority.

(e) Syllabication—If a word is divided into syllables, there is some danger that its correct image will not be stamped on the pupil's memory. On the other hand, the syllabication of a word assists in its correct and distinct pronunciation, and this in turn assists in its correct spelling. Because of these two facts the words in this speller below the seventh year grade have been syllabified and those in the seventh and eighth year grades have not. With the exception of some forty-five lessons, every word that is syllabified is used in a sentence in the lesson in which it occurs. This gives the pupil the correct picture of the word and the assistance in its pronunciation which comes from its division into syllables. As but one-fifth of the words in the seventh and eighth grades are used in

sentences, it was thought best not to divide them in these grades. Then again, pupils in these advanced grades are not so much in need of assistance in pronunciation.

It is suggested that pupils be not required to syllabify words in either their oral or written spelling.

Proper Names and Special Words.—It is absurd to presume that the average pupil in the elementary schools can learn to spell all the words that the average person uses through life. It is deemed unwise therefore to include in a speller words relating to medical science, or to any other science or special line of work. The pupil while in the elementary schools will not be able to learn to spell correctly nearly all the words that are in common use, and he should not be required therefore to devote his attention to special words the spelling of which he will look up in after life if he should have occasion to write them. Because of these facts this speller contains but few proper names, and only such special words as are in common use. A few other special features that appear in some of the recent text-books on spelling have been omitted for the reasons just stated. So far as geographical names are concerned, the teacher will find that the index of the geography which her pupils are using constitutes an excellent list.

Acknowledgements.—The author is indebted to Houghton, Mifflin & Co., and other publishers for the copyrighted material used for illustrative purposes in this speller. Among those who have assisted in the preparation of this book, special thanks are due Miss Anita Sullivan, of San Francisco, and Mr. C. E. Rugh, of Oakland.

THE WIND

I saw you toss the kites on high
And blow the birds about the sky,
And all around I heard you pass,
Like ladies' skirts across the grass—
 O wind, a-blowing all day long,
 O wind, that sings so loud a song!

I saw the different things you did,
But always you yourself you hid.
I felt you push, I heard you call,
I could not see yourself at all—
 O wind, a-blowing all day long,
 O wind, that sings so loud a song!

O you that are so strong and cold,
O blower, are you young or old?
Are you a beast of field and tree,
Or just a stronger child than me?
 O wind, a-blowing all day long,
 O wind, that sings so loud a song!

—*Robert Louis Stevenson*

SIXTH YEAR GRADE

THE BROOK

I come from haunts of coot and hern,
I make a sudden sally,
And sparkle out among the fern,
To bicker down a valley.

I chatter over stony ways,
In little sharps and trebles,
I bubble into eddying bays,
I babble over pebbles.

I steal by lawns and grassy plots,
I slide by hazel covers;
I move the sweet forget-me-nots
That grow for happy lovers.

I slip, I slide, I gloom, I glance,
Among my skimming swallows;
I make the netted sunbeam dance
Against my sandy shallows.

I murmur under moon and stars
In brambly wildernesses;
I linger by my shingly bars;
I loiter round my cresses;

And out again I curve and flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on forever.

—Tennyson

GRADED LESSONS IN SPELLING

1

| | |
|-------------|---|
| an nounced' | "Announced by all the trumpets of the sky, |
| ar rives' | Arrives the snow, and, driving o'er the fields, |
| driv'ing | Seems nowhere to alight; the whited air |
| a light' | Hides hills and woods, the river, and the |
| farm'house | heaven, |
| veils | And veils the farmhouse at the garden's end. |
| cou'ri er | The sled and traveler stopped, the courier's feet |
| ra'di ant | Delayed, all friends shut out, the housemates sit |
| en closed' | Around the radiant fireplace, enclosed |
| pri'va cy | In a tumultuous privacy of storm." |

2

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| hope'ful | gnat | med'ley | drought |
| coil | la pel' | op'tion al | ar'se nal |
| in quire' | re deem' | zeal'ous | be seech' |

3

| | | | |
|----------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| hing'ing | nour'ish | shred | chord |
| bil'ious | arc'tic | bar'racks | par ti'tion |
| mu se'um | as par'a gus | cu'ti cle | ral'ly |

4

| | |
|---------------|---|
| se'ries | "The life of the birds is a series of adventures and of hair-breadth escapes by flood and field. Very few of them probably die a natural death, or even live out half their appointed days. What perils beset their nests, even in the most favored localities! Not a day or night passes, from the time the eggs are laid till the young are flown, when the chances are not greatly in favor of the nest being rifled and its contents devoured." |
| ad ven'tures | |
| es capes' | |
| prob'a bly | |
| nat'u ral | |
| per'ils | |
| ap point'ed | |
| lo cal'i ties | |
| ri'fled | |
| de voured' | |

5

a bil'i ty
com'bat
cau'tious
pa'tients
col'o ny
de vot'ed
fa'tal
en'er gy
con tent'
feast'ed

The man's ability was never doubted after he undertook to combat the dread disease. He was cautious and painstaking and visited his patients regularly. The little colony of foreigners was devoted to him, and their faith was unbounded when none of the more serious cases proved fatal. Through his energy and influence the children were given a week's outing in the country where they played and feasted to their heart's content.

6

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| an nounced' | en closed' | zeal'ous | chord |
| ar rives' | in quire' | ar'se nal | es capes' |
| driv'ing | la pel' | se'ries | nat'u ral |
| cu'ti cle | nour'ish | mu se'um | per'ils |

7

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|----------|
| dis may' | mas'cot | whim | pearl |
| mil'dew | tour'ist | pu'ri ty | can'cel |
| dec'i mal | vas'e line | spasm | a sy'lum |

8

breathe
rap'tures
bound'less
de spite'
wretch
pelf
for'feit
whence
un wept'
un hon'ored

"If such there breathe, go mark him well:
For him no minstrel raptures swell;
High though his titles, proud his name,
Boundless his wealth as wish can claim—
Despite those titles, power, and pelf,
The wretch, concentrated all in self,
Living, shall forfeit fair renown,
And, doubly dying, shall go down
To the vile dust, from whence he sprung,
Unwept, unhonored and unsung."

9

WORD BUILDING

A *primitive word* is one that cannot be reduced to a simpler form; as, *act*.

A *prefix* is a syllable or a number of syllables or a word joined to the beginning of a word to modify its meaning; as, *react*.

A *suffix* is a syllable or a number of syllables joined to the end of a word to modify its meaning; as, *reaction*.

A *derivative word* is one formed by joining a prefix or suffix to a primitive word; as, *reaction*,—in this case the prefix, *re*, and the suffix, *ion*, being joined to the primitive word, *act*.

Latin and Greek *roots* are the primitive words of the Latin and Greek languages; as, *ag* in *ag-ere*, which is a Latin root meaning, *to do*, *to perform*.

A *radical* is that part of an English word derived from the root of another language; as, *act*, which means, *to do*, *to perform*.

Most English *radicals* are derived from Latin and Greek roots; as, the English radical, *act*, which is derived from the Latin root, *ag*,—both as stated above, meaning, *to do*.

10

WORD BUILDING

Agere (actus); radical, *ag*, *act*=*to do*, *to act*, *to perform*.

actor (*act*, to act; *or*, one who), one who acts.

agent (*ag*, to do; *ent*, one who), one who does or acts for another.

reaction (*re*, back; *act*, to do; *ion*, condition of), state or condition of acting back.

inactive (*in*, not; *act*, to do; *ive*, being), not active.

counteract (*counter*, against; *act*, to do), to do or act against or opposite.

retroactive (*retro*, backward; *act*, to do; *ive*, condition of), condition of acting backward.

11

cru'el

fic'tion

boul'der

cam'e ra

scant

ag'o ny

dig'ni ty

re mit'

skill'ful

can'o py

ma rine'

a byss'

12

but'ler
 ca'pa ble
 an noyed'
 anx'ious
 in dif'fer ence
 cor'po ral
 cul'vert
 ex'treme'ly
 in'flu ence
 man'i fest

The butler was very dignified but he was also very capable. He was very much annoyed at the seeming indifference of his helpers, for he was anxious that the banquet should reflect credit on himself.

The corporal was for the time being in command of the men. They destroyed the culvert and used the ditch as a trench. All were extremely cautious and the influence of their training was manifest.

13

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| pri'va cy | op'tion al | lo cal'i ties | arc'tic |
| veils | be seech' | de voured' | bil'ious |
| cou'ri er | med'ley | hing'ing | fa'tal |
| ra'di ant | ad ven'tures | as par'a gus | cau'tious |

14

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| crawl'ing | civ'il | hearse | crease |
| au thor'i ty | ev'i dent | pen'sion | av'e nue |
| col'umn | di'a gram | scan'dal | for'ceps |

15

spa'cious
 fir'ma ment
 e the're al
 span'gled
 mer'cu ry
 un wea'ried
 Nep'tune
 cre a'tor
 pub'lish es
 al might'y

"The spacious firmament on high,
 With all the blue ethereal sky,
 And spangled heavens, a shining
 frame,
 Their great original proclaim.
 The unwearied sun, from day to
 day,
 Does his Creator's power display;
 And publishes to every land
 The work of an Almighty hand."

16

ma son'ic
fif'ti eth
pre'cious
mount'ed
val'u a ble
mon'e ta ry
ves'try
mis'sion
no'ta ble
stu'dent

A masonic emblem was presented to my father on his fiftieth birthday. Many precious stones were mounted in it and this made the present exceptionally valuable in a monetary way as well as being highly prized as a gift and as a token of high esteem.

The members of the vestry were asked to remain after the service to meet the superintendent of the mission. He was a notable man and an earnest student.

17

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| cra vat' | del'e gate | or'i gin | gen teel' |
| mo'tor | op'er a | per suade' | der'rick |
| fre'quent | e qua'tor | guard'i an | auc'tion |

18

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| for'feit | can'cel | re ac'tion | fic'tion |
| un hon'ored | a sy'lum | coun ter act' | pre'cious |
| rap'tures | tour'ist | a byss' | boul'der |
| de spite' | vas'e line | ma rine' | in ac'tive |

19

WORD BUILDING

Audire (*auditus*); radicals—*audi*, *audit*—*to hear*.

inaudible (*in*, not; *audi*, to hear; *ible*, capable of), not capable of being heard.

au di to'ri um Although the large auditorium was filled,
au'di ble the speaker's voice was distinctly audible to
au'di ence every one in the vast audience.

au'di to ry The auditory nerve is the nerve of hearing.

au'di tor The auditor is about ready to receive and
au'dit audit the accounts for the month of May.

20

| | |
|--------------|---|
| folds | "Flag of the brave! thy folds shall fly, |
| tri'umph | The sign of hope and triumph high! |
| trum'pet | When speaks the signal trumpet tone, |
| gleam'ing | And the long line comes gleaming on, |
| life'blood | Ere yet the lifeblood, warm and wet, |
| dimmed | Has dimmed the glistening bayonet, |
| glis'ten ing | Each soldier eye shall brightly turn |
| glo'ries | To where thy sky-born glories burn, |
| spring'ing | And, as his springing steps advance, |
| venge'ance | Catch war and vengeance from the glance." |

21

| | | | |
|------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| a dopt' | liq'uur | cus'tom | mon'arch |
| cas tile' | cur'few | mas'tiff | swine |
| ir'ri gate | wor'ry | pen'al ty | ten'e ment |

22

| | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| zinc | a cute' | can'o py | ra'di us |
| waltz | fried | pen'nant | rem'nant |
| ti'di ly | ma'ni ac | a lert' | her'ald |

23

WORD BUILDING

Premere (*pressus*) radical—press=*to press*.

depression (*de*, down; *press*, to press; *ion*, that which),
 de press' that which is pressed down.

com press' They will compress the cotton still closer.

ex pressed' The officer expressed the opinion that it
 sup press' would be difficult to suppress the Indian up-
 im pres'sion rising. The impression is that the uprising
 op press'ive is due to the oppressive acts of petty officials
 re pressed' who should be sternly repressed.

24

in te'ri or
ex te'ri or
mat'i nee'
mer'ri ment
ev'i dent
zeph'yr
balm'y
lat'i tude
fra'grance
mag no'lia

The interior of the church was even more interesting than the exterior.

The four girls went to the matinee and it was evident from their merriment that they were enjoying themselves.

The soft zephyr that blew from the south was called a Chinook. Such balmy breezes are known only in certain latitudes.

The fragrance of the magnolia blossom is offensive to some people.

25

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| in dif'fer ence | for'ceps | spa'cious | per suade' |
| ca'pa ble | hearse | fir'ma ment | del'e gate |
| in'flu ence | au thor'i ty | mon'e ta ry | venge'ance |
| cor'po ral | pen'sion | no'ta ble | pre'cious |

26

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| rad'ish | en am'el | su'et | ju've nile |
| o rig'i nal | leg'end | pi'lot | prin'ci pal |
| mar'riage | pro fane' | in'ti mate | prin'ci ple |

27

WORD BUILDING

Cedere (*cessus*) ; radicals—cede, ceed, cess—to go, to yield.

secession (*se* from; *cess*, to go; *ion*, act of), the act of going
ex ceed' from.

pro ces'sion I witnessed the procession in honor of King
suc ces'sor Edward, successor to Queen Victoria.

re ced'ing The waves are receding from the shore.

pro ceed'ing He then proceeded to show that the excess-
ex cess'ive ive use of a food is injurious to health.

pre'cept He teaches both by precept and by example.

28

can'ni bals
post pone'
in'ci dent
oc curred'
span'iel
twit'ter
con fer'ring
pre'mi ums
de ci'sion
pro mo'tion

The cannibals decided to postpone the time for eating their prisoners.

A very amusing incident occurred in connection with our spaniel puppy yesterday. He found a nest of young birds, and the twitter of the little fellows greatly surprised him.

When conferring about the premiums to be given their employees, the directors reached the decision that the manager's reward should be promotion to membership in the firm.

29

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|------------|
| moor | guilt'y | pom'mel | tri sect' |
| du'ra ble | pre'vi ous | qui'nine | crim'i nal |
| fag'ot | reef | wa'fer | dig'it |

30

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| au'di ble | tri'umph | ir'ri gate | zinc |
| au'di ence | pen'al ty | dimmed | op press'ive |
| venge'ance | ten'e ment | pen'nant | com press' |
| glis'ten ing | liq'uor | ma'ni ac | fried |

31

soared
di rect'ly
pin'na cle
rug'ged
bal'anced
troupe
a muse'ment
va'ried
am'a teur
ta'bleau'

The wounded eagle soared high and then flew directly westward toward the mountains. Through the field-glasses we saw him alight on the highest pinnacle of a rugged peak, where he balanced himself with difficulty.

The troupe of children were returning from their day's amusement in the country. They had a varied program. Some had taken part in an amateur play which included several very interesting tableaux.

32

| | |
|------------------|--|
| quo'rum | There was a quorum present at the meet- |
| trans act' | ing, so they proceeded to transact business. |
| vice-pres'i dent | As the president was absent the vice-president |
| pre sid'ed | took his place and presided. With a rap of |
| gav'el | the gavel he called the meeting to order at |
| pre cise'ly | precisely two-thirty. In a few remarks he |
| en deav'ored | endeavored to impress on those present the |
| im press' | importance and responsibility attached to the |
| at tached' | action which they were about to take, and |
| de lib'er ate | urged them to deliberate carefully. |

33

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| a dult' | haugh'ty | top'ic | en gage' |
| con'fi dent | mys'ter y | vo'cal | con'i cal |
| di ag'o nal | pas'ture | wrig'gle | blithe'ly |

34

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|------------|
| baste | din'gy | pas'ture | ped'es tal |
| car toon' | mor'tise | sir'loin | vi'al |
| glimpse | mus tache' | tu reen' | yolk |

35

WORD BUILDING

Ferre (latus) ; radical—fer=*to bear, to carry, to bring*.
differ (dif, apart; fer, to bear) to bear apart, to disagree.
transfer (trans, across; fer, to carry), to carry across.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| fer'tile | The company has acres of fertile land, and |
| prof'fer | they proffer it freely for the temporary use of |
| suf'fer er | all earthquake sufferers who wish to escape to |
| dif'fer ent | different surroundings. A conference, how- |
| con'fer ence | ever, with those interested reveals the fact that |
| pre fer' | only a few people prefer to change. |

36

Jap a nese'
cour'te sy
triv'i al
por'tion
lec'ture
med'i tate
stu'di ous
in'so lent
com'pli ment ed
stand'ard

The Japanese treated the Russian prisoners with great courtesy and kindness, even supplying their most trivial wants.

A portion of the lecture will cause many who heard it to meditate on several questions.

The studious and courteous conduct of the one was in striking contrast with the idle and insolent conduct of the other.

The president complimented the students on the high standard of their work.

37

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| mat'i nee' | ju've nile | re ced'ing | de ci'sion |
| fra'grance | su'et | pro ceed'ing | du'ra ble |
| mer'ri ment | in'ti mate | can'ni bals | qui'nine |
| in te'ri or | prin'ci ple | oc curred' | pre'vi ous |

38

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------|-----------|
| ar'chi tect | di plo'ma | rum'ple | tres'tle |
| con'vent | mal tese' | ras'cal | vis'i ble |
| cam'e o | per spire' | quo'rum | won'drous |

39

un u'su al ly
ex po'sure
fam'ine
plague
har'di est
pro pel'
prog'ress
be sought'
yacht
con di'tions

These early settlers were exposed to the storms of an unusually severe winter. This exposure caused much sickness. Before spring, famine and plague had carried off all but a few of the hardiest of these brave pioneers.

The captain stated that it was the propeller that interfered with the boat's progress. He besought me to leave the yacht and give his boat another trial when the conditions were more favorable.

40

in clined'
at trib'ute
at'mos phere
con'crete
pave'ment
at tract'ive
De cem'ber
Los An'ge les
mois'ture
splen'did

As Mr. Fulton was inclined to attribute his son's illness to the cold weather, he took him to the balmy atmosphere of southern California. The change from the icy concrete pavements of New York to the green attractive parks of Los Angeles had a splendid effect on the boy's health. Although December, all varieties of flowers were in bloom and the moisture in the air was as warm and as pleasant as that on a summer's breeze.

41

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| cu'po la | script | tus'sle | bea'con |
| heif'er | re lapse' | vo'cal | a bide' |
| de pos'it | oc'tave | ar'ni ca | cher'ish |

42

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| pin'na cle | quo'rum | di ag'o nal | fer'tile |
| ta'bleau' | pre cise'ly | pas'ture | mor'tise |
| troupe | de lib'er ate | blithe'ly | mus tache' |
| soared | trans act' | dif'fer ent | ped'es tal |

43

WORD BUILDING

Dicere (*dictus*) ; radical—dict=*to say, to speak.*

predict (*pre*, before; *dict*, to say), to say before, to foretell.

dic ta'tor
dic'tates
dic'tion
e'dicts

"This Roman dictator followed the dictates of reason in issuing edicts for the public good."

His testimony contradicts your statements.

con tra dict'
in dict'ed
ver'dict

The grand jury has indicted the auditor, and many predict that the trial jury will bring in a verdict of guilty.

44

ac com'plish
ac'cu rate
failed
de fects'
car'bine
can teen'
con demn'
con'fi dent
block ade'
be sieged'

The mechanic could accomplish his task only with great difficulty. But he was so accurate that the closest search failed to reveal any defects in his work.

The young soldier was armed with a carbine and carried a canteen filled with water.

The man was over anxious to condemn his neighbor, being confident that he was guilty.

The navy established a complete blockade and the army besieged the city.

45

in vei'gle
mil'li ner
grope

fo'li age
crouch
an'ti dote

ad'age
vul'ture
par'a lyze

o be'di ence
ridge
sim'mer

46

kiln
yeast
re lapse'

ca'pers
as cent'
e lix'ir

sa'vor y
wean
crev'ice

re sent'
a bu'sive
teth'er

47

a pol'o gy
a pol'o gize
ap proach'
ap prove'
am'ple
ac quire'
ac cus'tom
av'er age
a'gen cy
as so'ciate

The agent of the company saw no necessity for an apology and hence refused to apologize. But he approached his opponent with a scheme which he asked him to approve, deeming this ample satisfaction for his conduct. He desired first of all to acquire control of the enterprise, believing that the success of the average agent depends largely on his agency being free from the control of an associate with whom he could not agree.

48 .

bur'ly
bur'glar
bus'kins
brawl
sat'is fied
junc'tion
en gi neer'
ev'i dent
cor'o ner
corpse

The stranger was a rough, burly fellow who proved to be a burglar for whom the police were looking. He wore buskins and was nearly always in a brawl with his companions. "He is well paid that is well satisfied."

When we came to the junction we changed cars. Our engineer had made a record run and it was evident that he was very tired.

The coroner went to the scene of the murder and immediately took charge of the corpse.

49

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| in'so lent | ar'chi tect | pro pel' | cu'po la |
| triv'ial | mal tese' | ex po'sure | heif'er |
| stu'di ous | tres'tle | con'crete | re lapse' |
| cour'te sy | won'drous | au'di ble | bea'con |

50 .

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| balk | lan'guid | sleight | star'ry |
| crook'er y | e nu'mer ate | steppe | cou'gar |
| ad'jec tive | lin'seed | pha'e ton | as sess' |

51 .

WORD BUILDING

Jurare (*juratus*); radicals—jur, jure==to swear.

perjure (*per*, through; *jure*, to swear), to swear through—
per'jur er that is, one who swears falsely.

ju'ry A jury usually consists of twelve jurors.

ju'ror It is said he conjured with evil spirits.

con'jured John Marshall was a jurist of great ability.

ju'rist Perjury should always be punished severely,
per'ju ry because if a witness swears falsely it may re-
in'ju ry sult in injury to an innocent party.

52

mem'o ry
spe'cial
a part'ment
in ter fere'
com ple'tion
con tract'or
pen'al ty
at tached'
con'tract
re'al ized

"The memory of the just is blessed."
"Brevity is the soul of wit."

We moved into an apartment house so as not to interfere with the rapid completion of our house. The old house was moved back and made a part of the new one. The contractor did not want to suffer the penalty attached to his contract, and as his men realized this they made special plans whereby they worked nine hours instead of the usual eight.

53

| | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------|----------|
| cit'ron | tal'on | clause | mi'grate |
| a maze' | valve | ledg'er | jaunt |
| vul'gar | an ten'na | hov'el | beau |

54

REVIEW

| | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| con tra dict' | be sieged' | ridge | a bu'sive |
| in dict'ed | ac'cu rate | o be'di ence | as cent' |
| con demn' | in vei'gle | as so'ci ate | e lix'ir |
| con'fi dent | an'ti dote | a pol'o gize | kiln |

55

barge
beach
cash ier'
em ploy'er
ba'fle
re port'ed
fe'ver
ep i dem'ic
mos qui'toes
in fect'ed

The barge was loaded with a cargo of sugar but the beach afforded no good landing.

The cashier of the bank entered into a scheme with the teller to rob their employer.

The thief was unable to baffle the officers.

Two new cases of yellow fever were reported today, making eight cases on the island. It is feared that the disease will spread and become epidemic. Every effort is being made to kill the mosquitoes in the infected region.

56

czar
ro mance'
sac'ri fice
roy'al
in formed'
dis own'
coun'cil
oath
con test'
suc ces'sion

The czar was greatly annoyed over a royal romance which would cause the prince to sacrifice his royal rank. When the prince informed his father, he tried vainly to prevent the marriage, and threatened to disown the son, but the prince replied that he was willing to make the sacrifice. At a family council later the prince took an oath forfeiting forever his right to contest his brother's succession as hereditary prince.

57

ca det'
a pos'tro phe
col'lier y

am'bush
trig'ger
viz'or

por'ous
spin'dle
gris'tle

mu'cous
dredge
mi'grate

58

lau'rel
nine'ti eth
phys'ic

pomp
vo'cal ist
e clipse'

sense'less
shriv'el
myr'tle

winc'ing
nig'gard
mere

59

WORD BUILDING

Legere (lectus); radicals—leg, lect—to gather, to choose
collect (*col*; together; *lect*, to gather), to gather together.

col lect'or
neg lect'
el'e gant
col lec'tion
e lect'ors
e lect'
se lect'ed

The collector of rare old pottery did not neglect to secure sister Mary an elegant vase from the valuable collection which the circumstances forced the young nobleman to sell.

The electors who elect the President and Vice-President of the United States are selected by the states.

60

ex pect'ed
ver'dict
tes'ti mo ny
wit'ness
mot'ley
ap par'ent
in ves'ti ga'tion
mar'tial
bomb
ca fe'

It had been expected that the jury would have a verdict ready before court adjourned, but owing to a desire of some of its members to hear further testimony the case was carried over. The witnesses called formed a motley crowd, and it was apparent that a thorough investigation was being held.

Several persons were tried by court martial for having thrown a bomb into a cafe, injuring three persons seriously.

61

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| corpse | sleight | per'ju ry | an ten'na |
| sat'is fied | e nu'mer ate | jur'ist | beau |
| bur'glar | cou'gar | in ter fere' | pen'al ty |
| bur'ly | crock'er y | com ple'tion | hov'el |

62

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| sau'ci ness | slur | quib'bling | sol'der |
| dit'to | mir'a cle | sur'feit | vast'ly |
| mort'gage | ran'dom | ooze | tolled |

63

throbbed
propel'ler
ad hered'
par'tial
bi'ped
cloth'ier
con'science
cour'age
con ceal'
ca'ter er

"Day and night the ship throbbed to the tireless pulse of the propeller."

He adhered to his original plans and thereby made only a partial success of his work.

A biped is an animal with two feet.

The clothier was successful in business.

"I obey no pull but the pull of conscience."

With splendid courage they face the danger while they conceal their deeper feelings.

A caterer was employed for the occasion.

64

Ma ni'la
ra pid'i ty
ac'cu ra cy
pre ci'sion
con'cen tra'tion
ac'tual ly
smoth'ered
in ef fect'ive
ac ci den'tal
apt'i tude

"The great secret of the victory at Manila was in the accuracy and rapidity of the American gunners. The American fire was delivered with such volume, precision, and concentration that the Spanish fire was actually smothered, and became wholly wild and ineffective. This great quality was not accidental, but due to skill, practice and natural aptitude. In addition to this traditional skill, was the genius of the commander."

65

cud'gel
myr'i ad
mag ne'sia

pes'tle
op ti'cian
ex'ca vate

ab sorb'
seine
tor ment'

coke
tru'an cy
a chieve'

66

REVIEW

ep i dem'ic
mos qui'toes
beach
in fect'ed

suc ces'sion
coun'cil
czar
a pos'tro phe

spin'dle
col'lier y
el'e gant
se lect'ed

lau'rel
nine'ti eth
shriv'el
e clipse'

67

WORD BUILDING

Gradi (gressus); radicals—grad, gress=*to walk, to go*.

Jacere (jactus); radical—ject=*to throw, to catch*.

progress (*pro*, forward; *gress*, to go), a going forward.

reject (*re*, back; *ject*, to throw), to throw back or away.

grad'u ate
grad'u al
con'gress
ob ject'ed
sub ject'ed

The graduate from the university made gradual progress until he became a member of the Congress of the United States.

He objected to the treatment to which he was subjected and demanded redress.

68

blem'ish

clam'or

gran'a ry

per mis'sion

per suad'ing

rogu'ish

en'ter tain'ing

fa'mous

gal'lant

o'ri ent

The house was a blemish on the landscape.

The children began to clamor to go with me to the granary. Their mother gave them permission and off we went. We played and romped and it took some persuading to get the roguish little ones back to the house.

We were entertaining the famous general who had recently returned to his own country. He told us of many gallant deeds performed by his men in the orient.

69

crape.

squan'der

ba rom'e ter

ap par'el

cir'cuit

var'nish

in ter'nal

ca pac'i ty

us'age

croc'o dile

screech

per im'e ter

70

belch

fur'ry

lax

vi'sion

wal'let

toi'let

cov'et ous

read'i ness

oint'ment

di vis'i ble

ton'sil i'tis

hi'ber nate

71

ac cess'

con ven'tion

omit'ted

com bi na'tion

naught

su per vise'

no'ti fy

de ci'sion

pre'mium

ex hi bi'tion

We did not have access to important records and the convention therefore omitted the consideration of several important questions.

The man tried to study out the combination of the safe but all his efforts came to naught.

Helen was invited to supervise the work in drawing, and was requested to notify us as soon as she reached a decision. The premium for the best work was a bronze which was on exhibition for several weeks at the art store.

72

gen'ial
e mer'gen cy
earth'quake
port'a ble
ship'wreck
rig'ging
steer'age
ig'no rant
per'il ous
po si'tion

The genial old man is a friend of ours on whom we can depend in any emergency. We realized this fully after the earthquake. At that time he loaned us a portable house.

The shipwreck occurred off the northwest coast of Washington. Men and women clung to the rigging waiting in vain for help. At first the steerage passengers seemed ignorant of their danger, but they soon learned of the ship's perilous position.

73

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------------|
| ap par'ent | mort'gage | pro pel'ler | ac ci den'tal |
| mar'tial | sur'feit | par'tial | con'cen tra'tion |
| ca fe' | sol'der | con'science | myr'i ad |
| ver'dict | mir'a cle | con ceal' | seine |

74

| | | | |
|---------|----------|------------|-------------|
| crumb | smol'der | pis'tol | mas'cu line |
| tow | pu'ny | stock ade' | scarce |
| ran'dom | pend'ent | ep'au let | vint'age |

75

WORD BUILDING

Mittere (*missus*); radicals—mitt, miss—to let go, to send.

transmit (*trans*, across; *mit*, to send), to send across.

missile (*miss*, to send; *ile*, able to be), that may be thrown.

com mit'tee

The committee recommended that Congress submit most of the questions to arbitration.

sub mit'

ad mit'

per mit'

o mit'

dis miss'

He would not admit that he had been permitted access to the secret records, but it soon became plain that he had seen them, and for this breach of faith he was dismissed.

76

op'tion
ma hog'a ny
blem'ish
heir'loom
gen er a'tion
re clin'ing
an tiq'ui ty
lieu ten'ant
u'ni form
bril'iant

We took an option on the land for ten days. The furniture was of mahogany and although very old had not a blemish on it. It was an heirloom and had been handed down from generation to generation. We had often pictured our great grandfather reclining on these pieces of antiquity. He was a lieutenant in the army, and his uniform and trappings we still have. His brilliant career was often spoken of by our grandmother.

77

tri'cy cle
fore'lock
me'te or

den'si ty
au'to graph
cruise

cut'ler y
or'na ment
riv'et

se'cre cy
ex cite'ment
pen in'su la

78

REVIEW

ob ject'ed
grad'u ate
gran'a ry
rogu'ish

ap par'el
per im'e ter
ca pac'i ty
ba rom'e ter

o mit'ted
ex'hi bi'tion
de cis'ion
ac'cess

ton'sil i'tis
hi'ber nate
cov'et ous
belch

79

Mount Ver'non
gild'ed
grat'i tude
e ter'nal
in trep'id
un self'ish
mag'is trate
hap'pi est
sim plic'i ty
mon'u ment

"No gilded dome swells from the lowly roof to catch the morning or evening beam; but the love and gratitude of united America settles upon it in one eternal sunshine. From beneath that humble roof went forth the intrepid and unselfish warrior,—the magistrate who knew no glory but his country's good; to that he returned happiest when his work was done. There he lived in noble simplicity; there he died in glory and peace."

80

gorge
av'a lanche
ju'bi lee
purs'er
trop'ic
can'cer
ve'hi cle
trav'el ing
wield
sword

The train passed through the narrow gorge, barely escaping the avalanche of snow.

The jubilee singers were great favorites with the purser and his many friends.

The tropic of cancer is north of the equator, and the tropic of capricorn is south.

A vehicle is a buggy or carriage of any kind used in traveling from place to place.

One who writes much is said to wield the pen. "The pen is mightier than the sword."

81

chan de lier'
for'ci ble
doe

hemp
scru'ple
ob struct'

war'rior
vault
tan'dem

quo ta'tion
mi'crobe
flick'er

82

foul
force'ful
fos'sil

de gree'
al lot'
ma'jor

mer'ri ment
chro'mo
belle

ga'ble
clap'board
de ni'al

83

WORD BUILDING

Pandere (*pansus*) ; radical—pass=*to spread, to step.*

Passus=*a step.*

trespass (*tres*, across; *pass*, to step), to step across.

ex pands'

When iron is heated it expands.

pas'sage

When we emerged from the passage, the beautiful expanse of country far surpassed anything that we had ever seen.

ex pance'

sur passed'

pas'sport

The government passport enabled the passenger to enter the country without trouble.

pas'sen ger

84

Ma gel'lan
con sid'er
frail'ness
mu'ti nies
pre vent'ed
quelled
hard'ships
en dured'
hes i ta'tion
nav'i ga tors

Magellan was the first man to cross the Pacific. "When we consider the frailness of the ships, the immeasurable extent of the unknown, the mutinies that were prevented or quelled, and the hardships that were endured, we can have no hesitation in speaking of Magellan as the prince of navigators. Nor can we fail to admire the simplicity and purity of that devoted life in which there is nothing that seeks to be hidden or explained away."

85

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| gen'ial | com mit'tee | bril'liant | tri'cy cle |
| per'il ous | dis miss' | heir'loom | me'te or |
| port'a ble | ma hog'a ny | cruise | an tiq'ui ty |
| ep'au let | lieu ten'ant | pen in'su la | se'cre cy |

86

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| cor'pus cle | re cov'er y | rid'i cule | pi an'ist |
| ob tuse' | tune'ful | sug gest' | re li'ance |
| suc'tion | vac'ci nate | pul'ver ize | stran'gle |

87

mu si'cian
charmed
mus'kets
par'cel
prompt'ly
rec re a'tion
nec'es sa ry
arch'er y
ten'ant
con ceal'

The musician played a familiar air which charmed and delighted his audience.

The soldiers were armed with muskets.

He gave the parcel to the delivery man so that the purchaser might receive it promptly.

It was necessary that we have some recreation, so we went to the park to see the contest in archery.

The tenant lived there for many years.

The prisoner said he had nothing to conceal.

88

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Fil i pi'nos | "They (the Filipinos) had churches, libra- |
| li'bra ries | ries, works of art, and education. They were |
| ed u ca'tion | better educated than many American com- |
| ig'no rance | munities within the memory of some of us. |
| com mu'ni ties | They were eager and ambitious to learn. |
| am bi'tious | They were governing their entire island, ex- |
| gov'ern ing | cept Manila, in order and quiet, with munici- |
| mu nic'i pal | pal governments, courts of justice, schools, |
| gov'ern ments | and a complete constitution resting upon the |
| con'sti tu'tion | consent of the people."—George F. Hoar |

89

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| shuf'fle | cal'lous | mem'brane | knell |
| cring'ing | an'te lope | fath'om | mon'strous |
| fau'cet | ha bit'ual | dough | sov'er eign |

90

REVIEW

| | | | |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| in trep'id | trav'el ing | chan de lier' | pass'port |
| sim plic'i ty | wield | ob struct' | pas'sen ger |
| mon'u ment | av'a lanche | scru'ple | mi'crobe |
| grat'i tude | sword | tan'dem | sur passed' |

91

WORD BUILDING

Claudere (*clausus*) ; radicals—clud, clus, close=*to shut, to close*.
 inclose (*in, in; close, to shut*), to shut in.
 exclude (*ex, out; clude, to shut*), to shut out.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| ex clu'sive | The organization is very exclusive. |
| in clude' | The proclamation includes all those who are |
| ex clud'ed | not excluded because of crimes committed. |
| clos'et | The coat is hanging in the closet. |
| con clude' | He concluded to build a beautiful home in a |
| se clud'ed | secluded spot on the bank of the river. |

92

cor'dial
dif'fi cul ty
judg'ment
ex po'sure
li bra'ri an
oc ca'sion
oc'ci dent
cul'prit
out'come
de tect'ed

His treatment of people was so cordial that he won all hearts without difficulty.

In the judgment of several doctors the child died from the effect of exposure.

The librarian was indignant at the condition of the books and took occasion to express his views in the "Occident," the college paper. A scheme was formed whereby the culprit if not very cautious, would be detected. The outcome was eagerly awaited by all.

93

| | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------|----------------|
| del'uge | hear'say | pre fer' | tra'che a |
| gal'lant | pen'du lum | surf | tem'per a ture |
| mien | nui'sance | twee'zers | flour'ish |

94

| | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| lock'er | prai'rie | sher'iff | tier |
| in de pend'ent | dag'ger | pau'per | vict'uals |
| dis'count | hav'oc | soothe | throt'tle |

95

sur rend'ered
dig'ni ty
dis play'ing
ir rev'o ca ble
con'quered
mis for'tune
sus tained'
daz'zled
gen'ius
re sound'ed

"From the hour that he surrendered his sword at Appomattox to the fatal autumn morning, he passed among men, noble in his quiet, simple dignity, displaying neither bitterness nor regret over the irrevocable past. He conquered us in misfortune by the grand manner in which he sustained himself, even as he dazzled us by his genius when the tramp of his soldiers resounded through the valleys of Virginia."

96

lat'tice
ho ri'zon
in gen'ious
gas'o line
drudg'er y
in fe'ri or
qui'et ed
o ver com'ing
har mon'ious
dis cord'ant

We saw through the lattice the vessel dis-
appearing on the horizon.

Mr. Scott is one of our most ingenious
workmen. He has invented a new gasoline
machine. It will do away with the drudgery
caused by the use of the old inferior machine.

"It quieted pain and sorrow,
Like love overcoming strife;
It seemed the harmonious echo
From our discordant life."

97

REVIEW

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| en dured' | tune'ful | ig'no rance | sov'er eign |
| hes'i ta'tion | nec'es sary | li'bra ries | cor'pus cle |
| pi an'ist | mu si'cian | shuf'fle | vac'ci nate |
| re li'ance | mu nic'i pal | cring'ing | rid'i cule |

98

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| e lec'tric | ig nite' | le'gion | peace'a ble |
| de crease' | me rid'i an | mag a zine' | ob ject'ive |
| i'ci ly | de fies' | dis solve' | sur'cin gle |

99

WORD BUILDING

Pellere (pulsus) ; radicals—*pel*, *puls*—*to drive*.

dispel (dis, away; pel, to drive), to drive away.

expel (ex, out; pel, to drive), to drive out.

re pulsed' They soon repulsed the attack, and after a
com pelled' desperate battle compelled the enemy to retire.

ex pelled' Four of the students were finally expelled.

pulse His pulse is beating very rapidly.

com pul'sory The compulsory education law is of great
re pel' value to many children.

100

| | |
|---|---|
| hulk dec'o rate pa vil'ion quan'ti ty pic tur esque' pro duced' trans formed' bleak guests enter tain'ment | The hulk of the vessel was painted red. The girls used their college colors to deco- rate the pavilion in which the party was to be held. A great quantity of flowers had been sent to them and a very picturesque effect was produced. Dozens of tiny electric lights gleamed here and there and the big bleak hall seemed transformed into fairy land. The guests enjoyed all the various kinds of enter- tainment provided. |
|---|---|

101

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| can'ta loupe | san'i ta ry | non'sense | naph'tha |
| foun'dry | par'ent age | sin cere' | con'so nant |
| lu'na tic | rough'ly | so ci'e ty | e'qua ble |

102

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| se clud'ed | mien | gen'ius | in de pend'ent |
| ex clu'sive | tra'che a | pen'du lum | tier |
| judg'ment | tem'per a ture | sus tained' | vict'uals |
| oc ca'sion | ir rev'o ca ble | prai'rie | li bra'rian |

103

| | |
|--|--|
| Gold'smith school'mas ter strag'gling blos'somed un prof'it a ble tru'ant bod'ing con veyed' trem'blers dis as'ters | "Beside yon straggling fence that skirts the way, With blossomed furze, unprofitably gay, There, in his noisy mansion, skilled to rule, The village master taught his little school; A man severe he was, and stern to view— I knew him well, and every truant knew; Well had the boding tremblers learned to trace The day's disasters in his morning face." |
|--|--|

104

brief
chief'ly
po lit'i cal
flinch
cour'age
con vic'tions
no'ta ry
pen'sion
a mus'ing
se'ri ous

A brief address, dealing chiefly with the political situation, was given by one of the leading citizens. He said that every man who had the welfare of the city at heart should not flinch in such a crisis, but have the courage of his convictions.

The notary was an old soldier and received a small pension each month. He could relate many an amusing incident with a serious face while we would all be laughing.

105

che mise'
al'ter nate
fluf'fy

en'vi ous
mi'nor
mile'age

re flect'or
suf'fo cate
ooze

nu'mer a'tor
plu'ral
rem'e dy

106

trou'sers
fron'tier
joist

tor ment'ing
dom'i no
mi'cro scope

af fec'tion
do na'tion
forc'ing

chol'er a
in ser'tion
i'dol ize

107

WORD BUILDING

Pendere (*pensus*) ; radicals—pend, pens=*to hang*.

Tenere (*tentus*) ; radicals—ten, tin, tent, tain=*to hold*.

sus pend' (*sus*, from ; *pend*, to hang), to hang from.

re tain' (*re*, to ; *tain*, to hold), to hold to.

de pend'
ap pen'dix
ten'ant
de tained'
con'tents

You can depend on him for the information.
The appendix contains much valuable data.
The tenant wished to buy the land.
He was detained after school.
The contents of the box are valuable.

108

proceed'ed
caution
importance
expectation
perceived'
resolute
soldier ship
excell'ent
entrenched'
advantage

"The British commander proceeded with the caution the importance of his expedition demanded. When he found that he must fight, and perceived the resolute and thorough soldiery of Stark's movements, he chose a position with excellent judgment, entrenched himself strongly, and placed his troops and guns to the best advantage. Stark could not wait, as he would have done under different circumstances, for his enemy's advance."

109

REVIEW

ingen'ious
harmoni'ous
discord'ant
gasoline

object'ive
surcin'gle
ignite'
decrease'

re pulsed'
compul'sory
pavil'ion
picturesque'

con'sonant
sincere'
foundry
sanitary

110

ventilate
anecdote
tether

clam'or
empha'size
oblique'

re'gion
temper'ance
plaintive

sec'retary
treas'urer
vac'cine

111

famous
famished
dungeon
sergeant
prisoner
urchin
uncouth
discipline
hovel
neither

The famous prisoner seemed famished for food. His captors would have placed him in a dungeon had not a sergeant reminded them that the prisoner was an American citizen, and must therefore be well treated.

The poor little urchin seemed uncouth in many of his habits, but discipline was unknown to him. His so-called home was a hovel and neither his father nor his mother seemed to care what became of him.

112

res'i dence
stern
struc'ture
stat'u a ry
beau'ti fy
tor na'do
ghast'ly
ter'ror
te'di ous
op press'ive

The papal residence was a beautiful structure in which could be seen pictures of stern old men, rare pieces of statuary and a fine collection of oriental rugs. No expense had been spared to beautify this dwelling.

The tornado wiped out the little town and many ghastly scenes greeted the eyes of the terror-stricken neighbors who, as soon as possible, went to the relief of the sufferers. The work was tedious and oppressive.

113

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| di vorce' | jock'ey | fam'ine | mon'i tor |
| e quip' | mar'tyr | de fray' | in vade' |
| lot'ter y | des'ti ny | hus'tler | draft |

114

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| un prof'it a ble | no'ta ry | chol'e ra | brief |
| tru'ant | pen'sion | af fec'tion | po lit'i cal |
| dis as'ters | con vic'tions | dom'i no | ten'ant |
| strag'gling | al ter'nate | fron'tier | ap pen'dix |

115

WORD BUILDING

Docere (doctus) ; radicals—doc, doct=*to teach*.

Ducere (ductus) ; radicals—duc, duct,*to lead, to bring forward*.

doctor (*doct*, to teach ; *or*, one who), one who teaches.

deduce (*de*, from ; *duc*, to lead), to lead or draw from.

doc'trine The minister explained the doctrine clearly.

re duced' The man reduced his expenses in order that

ed u ca'tion he might give his children a better education.

in duced' He induced the member of Congress from

in tro duce' his district to introduce the resolution.

116

trans mit'
tel'e phone
exceed'ing ly
ex plic'it
di rec'tions
cen'sus

We decided to transmit the message by telephone, as the auditor was exceedingly anxious to have explicit directions from his legal advisors in order to be sure that he would not exceed his authority.

pro pri'e tor
part'ner
ac com'mo date
com mu'ni ty

The school census is taken in the spring.

The proprietor of this hotel and my partner are going to buy a large tract of land and erect on it a hotel which will accommodate the growing needs of the community.

117

nar rate'
par'tial
re pent'

re ceipt'
sub lim'i ty
pov'er ty

se'cre cy
swin'dler
ad vis'ors

ten'or
ve neer'
suf fice'

118

thiev'er y
nu'mer al
o paque'

point'er
o ver seer'
stom'ach

sus pend'
re hearse'
stran'gle

ther mom'e ter
pe cul'iar
plan ta'tion

119

snort
sol'emn
pas'ture
stu pid'i ty
re lieved'
both'ered
prob'a bly
pre'vi ous
man'a ger
em ploy'ment

With a snort the solemn old cow ran away to the other side of the pasture. In my stupidity I thought she was running toward me. I felt greatly relieved to see her quietly chewing her cud, and switching off the flies that bothered her. She was probably as much frightened as I.

The man's previous record was bad and the manager had about decided not to retain him in the company's employment.

120

pro fes'sion The man's profession was of prime import-
 prime ance to him, for he was just beginning to
 ex pe'ri ences practice independently. His previous exper-
 in de pend'ent ly ience helped him greatly and he wished to
 rend'er render all possible assistance to those to whom
 in debt'ed he was indebted.

par'al lel The tracks ran parallel for many miles.
 a gree'a ble It was more agreeable inside the boat than
 chop'py out, as the bay was choppy. I felt relieved
 re lieved' when we reached the landing.

121

REVIEW

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| pro ceed'ed | ser'geant | an'ec dote | jock'ey |
| ex pe di'tion | dis'ci pline | vac'cine | •mon'i tor |
| ob lique' | ex'cel lent | op press'ive | mar'tyr |
| em'pha size | res'o lute | stat'u a ry | dun'geon |

122

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| scroll | ta'per | val'u ing | tax'a ble |
| ton'sils | ver'te bra | shrewd | pam'phlet |
| pat'ent | rasp'ber ry | trol'ley | re volve' |

123

WORD BUILDING

Scribere (scriptus) ; radicals—scribe, script=*to write*.

postscript (*post*, after ; *script*, to write), that which is written
 sub scrip'tion after.

man'u script His manuscript contains a good description
 de scrip'tion of his recent travels in Italy. He describes in
 de scribes' beautiful language the grandeur of the Alps.

con'script The conscript law will soon go into effect.
 sub scribed' We have subscribed for another daily paper.
 pre scribes' The faculty prescribes the conditions.

124

route
ad'ver tised
scen'ic
height
es tab'lished
skill'ful
fuch'sia
fra'grance
ta'bleau'
re hearse'

The route over which we went was advertised as a scenic one. The height of the mountains and the wonderful railroad engineering interested me and established beyond a doubt that the man who had directed the work was a skillful engineer.

The fuchsia, while very pretty, is a flower that has little or no fragrance.

The girls who were to be in the tableau wished to rehearse their parts before evening.

125

poi'son ous
al'li ga'tor
coke

cha rade'
cran'ber ry
bound'a ry

plague
shut'tle
can'cer

ey'rie
al'co hol
troop

126

REVIEW

in duced'
doc'trine
ex ceed'
com mu'ni ty

pro pri'e tor
cen'sus
par'tial
re ceipt'

se'cre cy
sol'emn
re lieved'
prob'a bly

thiev'er y
o ver seer'
pe cul'iar
ther mom'e ter

127

schemes
de tect'ive
in ten'tion
fraud
con fes'sion
ques'tion
un rav'el
a bun'dant
tes'ti mo ny
ju'rors

There were many schemes thought of for exposing the corrupt officials. The detective was working on the case constantly, his intention being to secure a confession from some of them by telling them their frauds were discovered. Whether they would then confess was a question. To unravel the mystery and secure ample evidence was a hard task, and abundant testimony was needed to convince the jurors that the men were guilty.

128

hu'mor ist
ev'i dent ly
o rig'i nat ed
gen er a'tions
par tic'u lar
de mean'or
an tique'
fa'vor ite
an'ces tors
fig'ured

Irving was a great American humorist.
"Many of their faces had evidently originated in a Gothic age, and been merely copied by succeeding generations; and there was one little girl in particular, of staid demeanor, with a high Roman nose and an antique vinegar aspect, who was a favorite of the squire's, being, as he said, Bracebridge all over, and the very counterpart of one of his ancestors, who figured in the court of Henry VIII."

129

traï'tor
squeal
gouge

knuc'kle
e rup'tion
al'ti tude

gar'bage
a loof'
con verse'

jour'nal
al ter a'tion
com'ic

130

al'pha bet
code
el'e vate

gear
grad'u ate
tric'kle

cra'ter
flu'id
con'vert

cac'tus
flab'by
stag'nant

131

WORD BUILDING

Civis; radical—*civ*=*citizen*.

Caput; radical—*capit*=*the head*.

civic (*civ*, citizen; *ic*, relating to), relating to the citizen.

capital (*capit*, head; *al*, relating to), relating to the head.

civ'ics

cit'i zen ship

cit'i zen

cap'i ta'tion

civ il ized'

A knowledge of history and civics is necessary to good citizenship. Every citizen therefore should study these subjects.

Capitation taxes are not very popular in most civilized nations.

132

in flam'ma ble
pre cau'tion
draft
neu ral'gia
hy'giene
ox'y gen
pon'der ous
light'ed
dread'ful ly
pas'sage

Gasoline is very inflammable and we should observe every precaution when using it.

As a result of being in a draft she is suffering from neuralgia.

It is one of the laws of hygiene that we breathe plenty of oxygen.

"Then, from a rusted iron hook,

A bunch of ponderous keys he took,

Lighted a torch, and Allan led

Through grated arch and passage dread."

133

REVIEW

| | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| independ'ently | rasp'ber ry | sub scribed' | height |
| par'al lel | trol'ley | post'script | cran'ber ry |
| re lieved' | pam'phlet | fuch'sia | ey'rie |
| pro fes'sion | val'u ing | re hearse' | poi'son ous |

134

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| tri'an gle | tran'som | hy'giene | quaint |
| stew'ard | sta'tion er | im bue' | cres'cent |
| com bine' | am mo'nia | i tal'ic | car'ti lage |

135

work'man ship
ap pear'ance
ac'cla ma'tion
re nowned'
fes tiv'i ty
bev'er age
mix'ture
par tic'u lar
al leg'ing
or'di na ry

"When the cloth was removed the butler brought in a huge silver vessel of rare and curious workmanship. Its appearance was hailed with acclamation, being the Wassail Bowl, so renowned in Christmas festivity. The contents had been prepared by the squire himself; for it was a beverage in the skillful mixture of which he particularly prided himself, alleging that it was too abstruse for the comprehension of the ordinary servant."

136

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| lit'er al ly | "The table was literally loaded with good |
| a bun'dance | cheer, and presented an epitome of country |
| o ver flow'ing | abundance in this season of overflowing lard- |
| lard'ers | ers. A distinguished post was allotted to |
| dis tin'guished | 'ancient sirloin' as mine host termed it, being, |
| al lot'ted | as he added, 'the standard of old English hos- |
| hos pi tal'i ty | pitality, and a joint of goodly presence, and |
| ex pec ta'tion | full of expectation.' There were several dishes |
| quaint'ly | quaintly decorated, and which had evidently |
| tra di'tion al | something traditional in their embellishments." |

137

| | | | |
|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| trop'ic | va'cate | va'grant | fea'ture |
| mer'chan dise | mel'o dies | pre cede' | dye'ing |
| trea'dle | fem'i nine | mu'ci lage | priv'i lege |

138

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| de tect'ive | hu'mor ist | knuc'kle | civ il ized' |
| in ten'tion | an tique' | al'ti tude | stag'nant |
| ju'rors | de mean'or | al ter a'tion | tric'kle |
| schemes | o rig'i nat ed | cap i ta'tion | al'pha bet |

139

WORD BUILDING

Fluere (*fluxus*) ; radicals—flu, flux=*to flow*.

influx (*in, into; flux, to flow*), to flow into.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| flu'ent | The young lawyer was fluent of speech and |
| in'flu enced | easily influenced three members of the jury to |
| flu'en cy | favor his client. |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| af'flu ence | Carnegie rose to affluence in America. |
|-------------|--|

| | |
|---------------|---|
| su per'fluous | A further discussion is purely superfluous. |
|---------------|---|

| | |
|--------------|---|
| con'flu ence | Pittsburg is located at the confluence of the |
| flu'id | Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. |

140

| | |
|------------------|--|
| ven'er a ble | "There are many venerable and famous |
| com mu'ni ty | trees in the world, and nearly every com- |
| spec'i men | munity has a specimen or two which it regards |
| ven'er a'tion | with special pride and veneration, but all these |
| com pared' | seem to be in the first flush of youth when |
| plane'-tree | compared with the great plane-tree on the |
| tra di'tion | island of Cos, in the Aegean Sea. Under its |
| cir cum'fer ence | branches tradition says both St. Luke and St. |
| ca pac'i ty | Paul rested. It is a huge tree, eighteen yards |
| ep'i taph | in circumference." |

141

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| pro nounce' | satch'el | lin'i ment | li'cense |
| knap'sack | ro'dent | em ploy'ee | sa li'va |
| rhu'barb | lon'gi tude | joint'ly | germ |

142

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| sham poo' | hic'cough | an ti sep'tic | hire'ling |
| ges'ture | ap'pe tite | ex haust' | bis'cuit |
| es'say | giz'zard | so'cia ble | ex pul'sion |

143

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| ir rep'a ra ble | "No man's loss is irreparable; for no man |
| in dis pen'sa ble | is indispensable." |
| pa'tri ar'chal | The patriarchal looking old man is the |
| clem'en cy | father of the prisoner. He hoped the judge |
| peas'ants | would show clemency in pronouncing the sen- |
| mosque | tence on his only boy. |
| re fined' | "All gold is not alike when refined." |
| ob'vi ous | The meaning of the poem is not obvious |
| sev'e ral | at once but can be explained in several ways. |
| im ag'i na'tion | "Imagination rules the world." |

144

com par'a tive ly "Comparatively few of the millions of per-
 an'nual ly sons who annually enter so heartily into the
 fes tiv'i ties festivities of Christmas give a thought to the
 ob serv'ance origin of the customs they observe."

foun da'tion "The observance of our modern Christmas
 per en'ni al has its foundation in a perennial custom of the
 an'cients ancients, from whom our forefathers took
 cel e bra'tion their idea of a celebration."

su per sti'tion "There are a number of superstitions con-
 con nect'ed nected with a Yule log."

145

REVIEW

| | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|
| in flam'ma ble | ap pear'ance | a bun'dance | pre cede' |
| neu ral'gia | al leg'ing | tra di'tion al | al lot'ted |
| cres'cent | bev'er age | mu'ci lage | im bue' |
| car'ti lage | lit'er al ly | priv'i lege | tran'som |

146

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| splic'ing | spher'ic al | pros'trate | ep'i thet |
| browse | gi raffe' | spig'ot | a cad'e my |
| au tumn'al | bruise | feu'dal | ver'sa tile |

147

WORD BUILDING

Ludere (*lusus*); radicals—*lud*, *lus*==to play, to deceive.

Ars; radical—*art*=skill, art.

interlude (*inter*, between; *lude*, to play), played between
 artless (*art*, skill; *less*, without), without skill.

e lude' You cannot elude a guilty conscience.

de lude' It is unwise to delude yourself with the
 il lu'sions mere illusions of life.

art'ist The painting which the artist has just com-
 ar tis'tic pleted is very artistic indeed.

148

his tor'ic
cel e bra'tion
dec la ra'tion
in de pend'ence
fi'nal ly
po si'tion
pop'u lar
su pe'ri or
el'e ments
qual'i ties

"The historic Liberty Bell which first rang out in celebration of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence, met with many difficulties before it was finally placed in the lofty position which had been prepared for it." This historic bell is in Philadelphia.

"For years it has been a popular theory that the country boy was the superior of his city brother in all the elements and qualities which make for success in life."

149

pro jec'tile
a poth e ca'ry
eu ca lyp'tus

a lu'mi num
ex tor'tion
me'ni al

guar'an tee
ap pro'pri ate
al'che my

sim plic'i ty
coun'te nance
scen'er y

150

REVIEW

su per'flu ous
flu'id
ven'er a ble
ca pac'i ty

ep'i taph
ven er a'tion
li'cense
lin'i ment

rhu'barb
ir rep'a ra ble
in dis pen'sa ble
pa'tri ar'chal

clem'en cy
hire'ling
ob'vi ous
ex haust'

151

cour'te ous
con'fi dence
ad ver'si ty
en ti'tled
af flic'tions
dis tress'es
pro por'tion
es ti ma'tion
char'i ty
in'qui ry
de serv'ing

"Be courteous to all, but intimate with few ; and let those few be well tried before you give them your confidence. True friendship is a plant of slow growth, and must undergo and withstand the shocks of adversity before it is entitled to the appellation. Let your heart feel for the afflictions and distresses of every one, and let your hand give in proportion to your purse ; remembering always the estimation of the widow's mite, that it is not every one that asketh that deserveth charity."—*Washington*

GENERAL REVIEW

152

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| privacy | bilious | boulder | unhonored |
| courier | medley | forfeit | forceps |
| radiant | cautious | inactive | monetary |
| hinging | cancel | abyss | precious |
| asparagus | vaseline | asylum | indifference |

153

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| spacious | vengeance | fried | principle |
| firmament | pennant | audience | durable |
| hearse | zinc | fragrance | cannibals |
| notable | irrigate | suet | intimate |
| audible | tenement | receding | interior |

154

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| pinnacle | troupe | architect | wondrous |
| pedestal | tableaux | heifer | confident |
| quorum | mortise | concrete | inveigle |
| blithely | insolent | maltèse | ascent |
| precisely | studious | trestle | obedience |

155

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| condemn | sleight | pomp | elegant |
| kiln | antenna | beau | laurel |
| elixir | interfere | mosquitoes | ninetieth |
| associate | cougar | beach | colliery |
| burly | corpse | spindle | epidemic |

156

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| apparent | mortgage | access | perimeter |
| conscience | accidental | hibernate | genial |
| seine | propeller | covetous | portable |
| myriad | granary | tonsillitis | heirloom |
| solder | capacity | exhibition | antiquity |

157

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| cruise | traveling | avalanche | ridicule |
| mahogany | scruple | passenger | pianist |
| lieutenant | sword | tuneful | sovereign |
| epaulet | microbe | musician | necessary |
| intrepid | wield | reliance | endured |

158

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|----------|----------|
| judgment | trachea | epitaph | trolley |
| irrevocable | ingenious | liniment | eyrie |
| victuals | harmonious | clemency | fuchsia |
| pendulum | discordant | obvious | pamphlet |
| independent | decrease | exhaust | relieved |

159

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| proceeded | jurors | privilege | irreparable |
| excellent | antique | allotted | patriarchal |
| jockey | stagnant | alleging | license |
| vaccine | appearance | neuralgia | capacity |
| discipline | mucilage | inflammable | indispensable |

160

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| parallel | oblique | overseer | foundry |
| capitation | exceed | thermometer | pavilion |
| trickle | receipt | proprietor | consonant |
| knuckle | solemn | induced | unprofitable |
| demeanor | superfluous | museum | notary |

SEVENTH YEAR GRADE

THE DAFFODILS

I wandered lonely as a cloud
That floats on high o'er vales and hills,
When all at once I saw a crowd,
A host of golden daffodils;
Beside the lake, beneath the trees,
Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.

Continuous as the stars that shine
And twinkle on the milky-way,
They stretched in never-ending line
Along the margin of a bay:
Ten thousand saw I at a glance,
Tossing their heads in sprightly dance.

The waves beside them danced; but they
Outdid the sparkling waves in glee:
A poet could not be but gay
In such a jocund company.
I gazed—and gazed—but little thought
What wealth the show to me had brought;

For oft, when on my couch I lie
In vacant or in pensive mood,
They flash upon that inward eye
Which is the bliss of solitude;
And then my heart with pleasure fills,
And dances with the daffodils.

—*William Wordsworth*

GRADED LESSONS IN SPELLING

1

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| absolute | clemency | expedient | immature |
| affection | calomel | engraver | laziness |
| biscuit | deficient | genuine | celebrate |
| barrier | besiege | diversion | discourse |

2

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| grotesque | nursery | nutrition | shrunk |
| haughty | avarice | nitrogen | thievery |
| hostage | bountiful | masticate | signature |
| implicate | partners | mercenary | aptitude |

3

| | |
|------------|--|
| American | "When Freedom from her mountain height |
| patriotism | Unfurled her standard to the air, |
| unfurled | She tore the azure robe of night, |
| standard | And set the stars of glory there. |
| azure | She mingled with its gorgeous dyes |
| mingled | The milky baldric of the skies, |
| gorgeous | And striped its pure celestial white |
| striped | With streakings of the morning light; |
| celestial | Then, from his mansion in the sun, |
| streakings | She called her eagle bearer down, |
| mansion | And gave into his mighty hand |
| symbol | The symbol of her chosen land." |

4

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| avalanche | fiercest | guardian | ailment |
| business | enmity | ligament | jeopardy |
| foundry | ecstasy | vocalize | insincere |
| glacier | incident | victuals | illicit |

5

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| austere | precipice | fusillade | chariots |
| assignee | prejudice | dyspepsia | aqueduct |
| receiver | anonymous | egotism | aquatic |
| realized | asterisk | conscript | coverlid |

6

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| besiege | celestial | calomel | streakings |
| mercenary | masticate | azure | gorgeous |
| expedient | thievery | patriotism | nutrition |
| grotesque | discourse | celebrate | symbol |

7

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| buoyant | barricade | monotone | metallic |
| buttress | barbarous | nutriment | organism |
| deceiver | diagonal | terrible | reality |
| colonel | copyright | frequently | sanctity |

8

effective
resistance
picturesque
revolutionary
associated
romantic
adventure
gallant
deprived
revoked
commanders
incredible

During the American Revolution such leaders as Marion, Sumter, Pickens, and Williams offered effective resistance to the British in the South. "Of all the picturesque characters of our Revolutionary period, there is perhaps no one who, in the memory of the people, is so closely associated with romantic adventure as Francis Marion. He belonged to that gallant race of men of whose services France had been forever deprived when Louis XIV revoked the edict of Nantes. His father had been a planter near Georgetown, on the coast."

9

| | | | |
|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| brogue | corolla | demolish | pathetic |
| bivouac | desperate | deceit | massacre |
| abdicate | conical | mutineer | sanguine |
| chivalry | defiance | petrify | preceptor |

10

| | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| swarthy | conquer | treasury | tyranny |
| pliable | capering | sobriety | uncoupled |
| resemble | decency | violate | vocalist |
| averred | decisive | apparel | zealous |

11

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| punctual | vexatious | officious | collapse |
| trousers | variety | malicious | embargo |
| socialist | wearisome | issuing | fabulous |
| testimony | situated | growsome | luxuriant |

12

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| fusillade | asterisk | implicate | genuine |
| aquatic | jeopardy | bountiful | avarice |
| anonymous | ecstasy | avalanche | signature |
| assignee | foundry | dyspepsia | clemency |

13

occupation
frontier
Cherokee
strategy
demeanor
stature
delicately
organized
endowed
intelligence
sympathy
courtesy

"The son (Francis Marion) while following the same occupation, had been called off to the western frontier by the Cherokee war of 1759, in the course of which he had made himself an adept in woodland strategy. He was now forty-seven years old, a man of few words and modest demeanor, small in stature and slight in frame, delicately organized, but endowed with wonderful nervous energy and sleepless intelligence. Like a woman in quickness of sympathy, he was a knight in courtesy, truthfulness, and courage."

14

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| checkers | botanist | meteor | imperil |
| acceptance | treadle | animate | malady |
| banquet | hindrance | ovation | impugn |
| spiral | apiary | edict | alien |

15

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| harmonies | confidence | flattery | complexion |
| icicle | hickory | incubator | agility |
| aisle | guarantee | armory | dilute |
| brewery | adopt | shrivel | apostle |

16

| | | | |
|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| emanate | allure | bogus | acid |
| muscle | nurture | amputate | shroud |
| arsenic | dueling | exhort | oasis |
| drapery | ballast | sequence | bequeath |

17

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| apoplexy | jargon | cereal | integrity |
| inclosure | carouse | burdensome | celluloid |
| luscious | servitude | mutual | abbreviate |
| amiable | abridged | abate | horrify |

18

| | |
|--|---|
| construction settlement extensive prairies agriculture industrial justified requirements immigrants productive especially advancement | "When the construction of railroads, built largely through the aid of land grants, opened to settlement the extensive prairies of the West, agriculture was pushed more rapidly than the industrial advance of the country justified. With the rush of thousands of foreign immigrants to that section, and the movement from the East, there was brought about an increase in agricultural products, especially in wheat and corn and live stock, in advance of the growth of other industries. The result was a decline in the price of farm products." |
|--|---|

19

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| deceiver | incredible | sanguine | sobriety |
| celestial | resistance | massacre | malicious |
| sanctity | gallant | averred | issuing |
| colonel | chivalry | decency | testimony |

20

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------|-----------|
| abstinence | impediment | maturer | diadem |
| harmony | consequence | hawser | cupola |
| capsule | absorption | serene | antique |
| sensation | seminary | accrue | clarified |

21

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|------------|
| clique | accessible | pittance | hazard |
| acclivity | laughable | renovate | meager |
| seizure | bachelor | area | simplicity |
| grimace | calendar | piston | accurately |

22

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| censure | accommodate | accusation | arduous |
| allowable | cavalier | pity | mockery |
| hemorrhage | grenadier | bullock | permanent |
| grizzled | plumbing | certificate | observant |

23

dedication
monument
accounted
proportion
engaged
Bennington
importance
heroism
sacrifice
displayed
consequences
reckoned

In his "Oration at the Dedication of the Bennington Battle Monument" Mr. Phelps said: "If battles were to be accounted great in proportion to the numbers engaged, Bennington would be but small. But it is not numbers alone that give importance to battlefields. It is the cause that is fought for, the heroism and self-sacrifice displayed, and the consequences which follow, that give significance to conflicts of arms. Judged by these standards, Bennington may well be reckoned among the memorable battles of the world."

24

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|---------|-----------|
| strategy | hindrance | aisle | celluloid |
| intelligence | impugn | treadle | luscious |
| courtesy | apiary | carouse | dueling |
| spiral | acceptance | emanate | integrity |

25

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|------------|------------|
| plateaus | indecent | kiln | infantile |
| acrobat | adroit | predicate | ludicrous |
| medallion | lyceum | balustrade | acquit |
| pictorial | reality | plurality | obligation |

26

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| harangue | accumulate | notary | adherent |
| accompany | optician | mobile | pleurisy |
| marshal | serious | arteries | endanger |
| optimist | achieve | mitigated | ambuscade |

27

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| majestic | dwarf | morgue | omelet |
| parody | fledged | jester | adjacent |
| advisory | innumerable | intrinsic | plausible |
| encounter | adverbial | adversity | administer |

28

government
regular
concerned
organized
embodied
militia
volunteers
spontaneous
population
invasion
vindicate
parallels

"It (the battle of Bennington) was, on our side, the people's fight. No government directed or supplied it; no regular force was concerned; it was a part of no organized campaign. New Hampshire sent her hastily embodied militia, not the less volunteers. In Vermont and Massachusetts it was the spontaneous uprising of a rural and peace-loving population, to resist invasion, to defend their homes, to vindicate their right of self-government. Lexington and Bunker Hill were in this respect its only parallels in the war."

29

| | | | |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| shampoo | gymnastics | inevitable | methodical |
| adoring | lustrous | ballet | lunacy |
| bulletin | adhesion | guillotine | imitator |
| heinous | baroness | infantry | anchorage |

30

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| prairies | abstinence | pittance | consequences |
| requirements | capsule | calendar | proportion |
| advancement | seminary | hemorrhage | accounted |
| agriculture | clique | grenadier | reckoned |

31

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| nucleus | observatory | lacerate | incredible |
| answerable | indolence | monogram | pageants |
| barbarian | influenza | barometer | alderman |
| nuisance | beguile | antiquity | languor |

32

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| passionate | piazza | medium | boycott |
| orifice | allurement | journalist | pouch |
| plasterer | ingenious | alleviate | minutes |
| regatta | knowledge | inoculate | opiate |

33

bayonets
ammunition
husbanded
hardihood
resolution
experience
hastily
intrenched
adequate
impossible
veterans
destruction

“Half of his troops were without bayonets, and even ammunition had to be husbanded. He lacked everything but men, and his men lacked everything but hardihood and indomitable resolution. Upon all known rules and experience of warfare, the successful storming, by a hastily organized militia, of an intrenched position at the top of a hill, held by an adequate regular force, would have been declared impossible. But it was the impossible that happened, in a rout of the veterans that amounted to destruction.”

34

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| mattresses | mastication | brutalize | corps |
| notations | insolvent | courteous | brethren |
| alabaster | allusion | design | mechanic |
| burlesque | indigent | morphine | conscience |

35

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| cologne | flange | polygon | squirming |
| descendant | artillery | architect | wretchedness |
| alluded | compositor | reluctant | valuation |
| effigy | excellent | swathe | enrollment |

36

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| medallion | harangue | plausible | heinous |
| acquit | optimist | intrinsic | guillotine |
| kiln | ambuscade | spontaneous | imitator |
| balustrade | adjacent | parallels | inevitable |

37

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| worsted | holiness | edifice | execute |
| eccentric | writhe | dower | boulevard |
| muscular | bravado | exonerate | venison |
| alacrity | shellacs | allowance | worthier |

38

literature "History and literature, eloquence and
eloquence poetry have combined to enshrine in the
enshrine memory of mankind those decisive charges, at
decisive critical moments, by which great battles have
critical been won and epochs in the life of nations de-
epochs termined. I set against the splendor of them
determined all that final onset up yonder hill and over its
breastworks breastworks of those New England farmers,
desperation on whose faces desperation had kindled the
kindled supernatural light of battle which never shines
supernatural in vain. They were fighting for all they had
possessions on earth, whether of possessions or of rights."

39

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| vegetation | consecrate | encircle | debit |
| brigadier | glazier | agreement | chute |
| agnostic | extremity | bounty | immerse |
| convenience | fidelity | cannonade | languid |

40

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|
| coronet | agitate | meditate | mercantile |
| gratify | dormant | percolate | pellet |
| viol | nicotine | refugee | reverence |
| galleries | penal | epistle | ordeal |

41

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| ordinance | artisan | pervade | publisher |
| parish | malicious | sapphire | operative |
| renewal | nocturnal | enunciate | magnificent |
| placid | omnibus | bronchial | pancreas |

42

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| incredible | allurement | bayonets | burlesque |
| antiquity | orifice | intrenched | reluctant |
| beguile | alleviate | mattresses | enrollment |
| nuisance | adequate | conscience | cologne |

43

| | |
|-------------|---|
| scientists | “Scientists are teaching farmers here and there, and from them others are learning, how to rejuvenate and rebuild their land by the use of alfalfa, cowpeas, vetch, and other crops. They are learning how to diversify their products. Increasing wealth and the gain in population are creating an almost unlimited market for the diversified crops. The orchard, the truck-garden, the dairy, are all yielding their fair share of wealth and helping materially to swell these great totals of agricultural output and increase in farm values.” |
| rejuvenate | |
| alfalfa | |
| irrigation | |
| fertility | |
| fertilizer | |
| improvement | |
| diversify | |
| increasing | |
| unlimited | |
| reclamation | |
| materially | |

44

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| numerable | apprentice | imprudent | dimensions |
| peevish | indulgence | loiter | cranberry |
| economize | laudable | edible | distil |
| borough | isinglass | culinary | splintered |

45

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| cumbrous | luminous | nostrum | penetrate |
| utensil | opaque | spectacle | remnant |
| cuspidor | matrimony | pertinence | moccasin |
| avoirdupois | penalty | syringe | organic |

46

| | | | |
|------------|------------|----------|------------|
| noxious | proficient | diary | illegible |
| material | relinquish | embezzle | license |
| pendulum | respectful | ferment | grovel |
| oppressors | rogue | garters | illiterate |

47

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| ironclad | whimsical | sepulcher | hysterical |
| skirmish | various | texture | irritable |
| tedious | tremendous | incense | gravitate |
| utterance | sociable | lubricator | hyacinth |

48

Lafayette
essential
prominent
unjustified
bestowed
courageous
intrusted
laborious
complicated
requirement
patiently
perilous

"There have been those who have denied to Lafayette the name of a great man. What is greatness? Does goodness belong to greatness, and make an essential part of it? If it does, who, I would ask, of all the prominent names in history, has run through such a career with so little reproach, justly or unjustly bestowed? Are military courage and conduct the measure of greatness? Washington intrusted Lafayette with all kinds of service—the laborious and complicated, which required skill and patience; the perilous, that demanded nerve."

49

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| boulevard | eloquence | brigadier | mercantile |
| shellacs | epochs | cannonade | ordinance |
| bravado | desperation | percolate | magnificent |
| alacrity | literature | pellet | malicious |

50

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|------------|----------|
| imitation | impudent | misgovern | veille |
| lucrative | novice | persuasion | scurry |
| monopoly | marmalade | ointment | oleander |
| peculiar | paralysis | pulsate | peculiar |

51

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| pessimist | regulate | saline | reconcile |
| officiate | sanity | nihilist | morose |
| minority | nomadic | vulgarity | immersion |
| patience | insurgents | gourd | flexible |

52

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| resignation | imperious | aggregate | arrogate |
| molecule | explosion | decorations | salvation |
| kindliness | ghastly | consigned | resign |
| mischievous | rectitude | conveyance | pillage |

53

WORD BUILDING

Capere (captus) ; Radicals—cap, capt, cept, ceive=*to take, to hold, to seize.*

Cura ; Radicals—cur=*care, cure, attention.*

Clinare (clintus) ; Radicals—clin=*to lean, to bend.*

capable (*cap*, to seize ; *able*, able), able to seize or understand.

curious (*cur*, attention ; *ous*, full of), full of attention, attentive.

decline (*de*, from, away ; *clin*, to bend), to bend or lean from.

inclined He was inclined to accept the offer.

captive The captive soon perceived that an excep-
perceived tion would be made in his case in order that
exception he might visit his wife who was very sick.

54

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| rejuvenate | indulgence | pertinence | license |
| materially | distil | moccasin | lubricator |
| diversify | loiter | avoidsupois | tremendous |
| improvement | cumbrous | illegible | oppressors |

55

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|---------|
| reprieve | quaint | rarefy | gelatin |
| publicity | routine | intrusion | fraught |
| mirage | isolation | legality | euchre |
| naturalist | promontory | illustrate | filial |

56

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| extinguish | fiendish | germinate | condescend |
| italicize | suitor | dissatisfaction | exquisite |
| rebellion | recognize | congenial | benediction |
| sanitary | apostrophe | surge | duration |

57

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| disheveled | efficient | correspond | globular |
| confidential | dormitory | porridge | dearth |
| volunteer | vibrate | industrial | compromise |
| pompous | scientific | digestible | putrefy |

58

WORD BUILDING

Currere (*cursus*) ; Radicals—curr, cur, curs=*to run*.

Cor (*cordis*) ; Radicals—cor, cord=*the heart*.

incursion (*in*, into ; *cur*, to run ; *ion*, ing), a running into, hostile inroad.

cordial (*cord*, heart ; *al*, belonging to) belonging to the heart, hearty.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| core | The core of the apple is decayed. |
| currency | Currency passes from person to person. |
| excursion | On our excursion yesterday we went boat- |
| current | ing on the river and thought the current un- |
| concurred | usually swift. All concurred in this opinion. |

59

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| formula | classical | surgical | secretion |
| expedition | digress | unflinching | custody |
| entrench | fiction | dauntlessly | divulge |
| fickleness | irregular | trough | treachery |

60

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| prominent | veille | immersion | arrogate |
| courageous | oleander | pessimist | perceived |
| requirement | marmalade | mischievous | curious |
| perilous | insurgents | ghastly | capable |

61

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| usual | shoal | severity | pugnacious |
| subscription | unrivalled | curiosity | satellite |
| warrant | toilsome | digit | commissioner |
| vanquished | virus | populated | totally |

62

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| mileage | secondary | persistent | aghast |
| particular | microbe | sarcasm | perforate |
| odorous | parasite | negotiate | apothecary |
| pugilist | aggravate | specialty | neutrality |

63

WORD BUILDING

Movere (*motus*); Radicals—mov, mot—to move.

Multus; Radical—multi=many, much.

Mors; Radical—mort=death.

promote (*pro*, forward; *mot*, to move), to move forward.

multiply (*mult*, many; *ply*, to fold), to increase many times.

mortal (*mort*, death; *al*, relating to), relating to death.

remove The attempt to remove them from the hall
 commotion caused a commotion in the audience.

immortal Most people believe the soul to be immortal.

multitude He assured the great multitude that the
 remote danger of fire was very remote.

64

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| maneuver | contrivance | platoon | broncho |
| odious | diseases | neutral | recognize |
| palatial | procession | occasion | vitriol |
| arena | saliva | attraction | regatta |

65

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| victorious | negligence | signify | obvious |
| reprimand | autograph | trellis | temperature |
| parliament | nautical | mistletoe | miserable |
| mammoth | panacea | rotating | oceanic |

66

REVIEW

| | | | |
|----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| reprieve | italicize | porridge | incursion |
| gelatin | condescend | scientific | surgical |
| mirage | apostrophe | currency | classical |
| euchre | pompous | current | formula |

67

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| discussing | conqueror | unsheath | destitute |
| uncoil | tillage | distillery | councilman |
| tiresome | diaphragm | serenade | bronchitis |
| pollute | recreation | unburden | authorize |

68

WORD BUILDING

Notare (*notatus*) ; Radical—*not*==*to mark, to note*.

Noscere (*notus*) ; Radical, *not*==*to know*.

denote (*de*, from; *not*, to mark), to mark off from others.

noticed Many teachers have noticed that children
 notions have more notions than they have words. It
 noticeable is just as noticeable that many adults have
 notaries more words than they have notions.

annotations Notaries are sometimes asked to certify to
 notable the correctness of annotations.

notorious It is a notable fact that notorious criminals
 notoriety enjoy the notoriety they achieve.

69

| | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|------------|
| universal | ulster | occurrence | suspicious |
| excursions | shrapnel | tincture | pommel |
| glistening | epidemic | sentinel | delicacy |
| forecastle | ceremony | obviate | vicious |

70

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| vigilance | beneficial | unaffected | marine |
| typhus | sediment | surfeit | periodical |
| securely | naturalize | mirthful | commercial |
| navigator | malleable | patronage | description |

71

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| contagion | typhoid | obsolete | porcelain |
| defiant | vertebra | sagacious | query |
| miniature | surety | populous | blaspheme |
| particle | turquoise | salivary | appreciate |

72

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| warrant | mileage | promote | occasion |
| satellite | parasite | mortal | obvious |
| pugnacious | negotiate | contrivance | negligence |
| toilsome | remote | neutral | parliament |

73

WORD BUILDING

Pendere (*pensus*) ; Radicals—pend, pens=*to hang*.

Dignus ; Radical—dign=*worthy*.

suspense (*sus*, under ; *pense*, to hang), held in doubt.

dignity (*dign*, worthy ; *ity*, state of), state of being worthy.

pendulum A pendulum may be made by suspending
suspension a weight from a fixed point of attachment.

depended I depended upon my guide to deliver me
impending from the impending danger.

appendix The vermiform appendix is an appendage of
appendage the large intestine ; an inflammation of this
appendicitis organ is called appendicitis.

74

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| salutary | macaroni | destruction | ruddiness |
| pneumonia | mismanage | clerical | tubular |
| sacrifice | device | turbulent | rotation |
| pacified | curiosities | sensible | promissory |

75

| | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| plague | deception | spacious | intimidate |
| rodent | captivate | gesture | loathe |
| timorous | security | exploring | hygiene |
| suffuse | capitulate | furrier | suffocate |

76

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| theory | endorser | leisure | interpret |
| supremacy | generate | fictitious | levity |
| livid | grouped | economy | enrapture |
| grammarian | irresistible | gormand | domineer |

77

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| encore | document | thwart | cower |
| lenient | gastric | tattoo | detention |
| illiberal | doubtfully | severity | exhaustless |
| garrison | sphinx | counselor | dissect |

78

WORD BUILDING

Secare (sectus) ; Radicals—sect, sec=*to cut*.

intersect (*inter*, between ; *sect*, to cut), to cut into parts.

| | |
|---------|---|
| insect | There are many insects on the grass. |
| segment | Segments and sectors are parts of circles ; |
| sector | secants are lines that cut others. |

| | |
|-----------|--|
| secants | Dividing a line into two parts is called bi- |
| bisecting | secting it ; three part divisions are trisections. |

| | |
|---------------|--|
| trisectioning | The professor wishes some more frogs for |
| dissected | his students to dissect. |

| | |
|-----------|--|
| sectional | Most sectional strife is due to ignorance. |
| sickleman | "You sun-burned sickleman, of August weary." |

79

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| tillage | noticeable | sentinel | surfeit |
| distillery | annotations | vicious | contagion |
| bronchitis | notoriety | miniature | turquoise |
| discussing | universal | unaffected | sagacious |

80

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| agreeable | gaseous | fissure | declension |
| ventricle | auspicious | trespasser | rotunda |
| commune | fibrous | fugitive | veinous |
| destination | transient | affectation | corridor |

81

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| triplicate | dependent | attendant | spurious |
| gaudy | bigamist | cupboard | promenade |
| apparatus | rosette | ridiculous | retirement |
| feasible | irrigate | righteously | trinity |

82

| | | | |
|-------------|----------|-----------|------------|
| ridicule | riveted | resume | repetition |
| ventilation | plumber | thrifty | trivial |
| prophecy | irksome | ingenuity | registry |
| temperature | velocity | terminate | parachute |

83

WORD BUILDING

Nox (*noctis*) ; Radicals—*nox*, *noc*=*night*.

Aequus ; Radicals—*equi*, *equ*=*equal*.

unequal (*un*, not ; *equ*, equal ; *al*, being), being not equal.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| equinox | The equinoxes fall on March 21 and September 21, and equinoctial storms are said to occur at these times. |
| equinoctial | |
| nocturnal | |
| equalize | The owl is called a nocturnal bird of prey. |
| inequality | Burton says death will equalize us all. |
| equivalent | Inequality is indispensable to progress. |
| equation | Your requests are equivalent to commands. |
| coequal | The ancients used the sign of equation. |

84

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| pendulum | pneumonia | timorous | fictitious |
| appendix | promissory | spacious | illiberal |
| appendicitis | clerical | supremacy | severity |
| suspension | furrier | irresistible | counselor |

85

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| righteous | leprosy | curbed | testator |
| platinum | inventory | deference | delinquent |
| treachery | delicate | transparent | terminal |
| spherical | legislature | resemblance | hydrogen |

86

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| tributary | verdure | terrify | subjugated |
| succor | atonement | apparition | ferocity |
| crevice | coupe | recruit | reimburse |
| replenish | verify | ineffective | creamery |

87

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| vagrant | oblivious | leprous | memento |
| desolate | navigable | magnetism | feign |
| variable | patentee | lettuce | lavender |
| interlude | magistrate | assertion | apathy |

88

WORD BUILDING

Animus; Radical—anim=*mind*.

Anima; Radical—anim=*life*.

Altus; Radical—alt=*high*.

unanimous (*un*, one; *anim*, mind; *ous*, having), of one mind.

reanimate (*re*, back or anew; *anima*, life; *ate*, to make), to make alive anew, to infuse fresh life or vigor.

altar (*alt*, high; *ar*, relating to), a high place.

altitude The boy's eyes sparkled with animation as
animation he watched the little animals playing.

animals What is the difference between animate and
animate inanimate things?

89

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| assignor | partisan | misconstrue | league |
| benevolent | obscurity | nautical | grievance |
| particles | misconduct | bereave | inquisitive |
| fertility | obstacle | valiant | tenacious |

90

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| segment | gaseous | ridiculous | terminate |
| sickleman | veinous | feasible | nocturnal |
| bisceting | trespasser | ingenuity | equivalent |
| secants | righteously | repetition | equinox |

91

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| legacy | ingredient | grievous | squawk |
| ignorance | hysteria | quietude | municipal |
| graphite | revelry | respective | siesta |
| musketry | musical | swerve | murky |

92

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|
| machinery | instrument | intelligent | identical |
| recital | menu | gracefulness | soluble |
| profanity | derision | intercede | enterprise |
| laborious | compliment | legible | debris |

93

WORD BUILDING

Annus ; Radicals—ann, enn=*a year*.

Dies ; Radicals—dis, diu=*a day*.

biennial (*bi*, two ; *enn*, year ; *al*, pertaining to), two years.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| annual | My father makes an annual statement from |
| diary | the diary which he keeps very carefully. |
| perennial | Some grasses, like trees, are perennials. |
| century | A century is a hundred years ; a millenium |
| millenium | is a thousand years. A centennial fair is one |
| centennial | held on the hundredth year. An anniversary |
| anniversary | marks the yearly occurrence. Diurnal means |
| diurnal | daily, as diurnal revolution of the earth. |

94

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| granular | aerial | tantalize | squadron |
| larceny | betroth | treacherous | affable |
| menial | corpulent | menace | scythe |
| affluence | malaria | affectionate | substituted |

95

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| temperance | rebate | sovereigns | diligence |
| scrofula | surgeon | pitiable | social |
| relapse | financier | scissors | pontoon |
| pillory | manure | dispensary | scourge |

96

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| righteous | tributary | navigable | reanimate |
| deference | coupe | lavender | bereave |
| delinquent | ferocity | animate | grievance |
| transparent | leprous | unanimous | tenacious |

97

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| scabbard | reprimand | disputant | element |
| capacious | physique | quota | frontiers |
| piteous | schedule | realize | reveal |
| restraint | equipped | dilution | disciple |

98

WORD BUILDING

Videre (visus) ; Radical—vis=*to see*.

invisible (*in*, not; *vis*, to see; *ible*, capable of), not capable of being seen.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| visible | The scientist studies nature's visible forms |
| revising | and is continually revising his conclusions. |
| supervision | Expert school supervision is a fine art. |
| vision | The visions of my youth have all departed. |
| revision | Doctrines continually need careful revision. |
| visionaries | Visionaries always advise us that circum- |
| advise | stances will certainly change for the better. |
| supervisory | The senate has supervisory powers. |

99

| | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------|------------|
| revival | science | quay | fumigate |
| physician | eligible | equinox | prediction |
| scrupulous | analyze | resemblance | solicitor |
| ratio | exulted | quantity | prodigy |

100

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| equation | dilatory | elliptical | fraudulent |
| significant | funeral | franchise | emotion |
| directory | exchanges | envious | permeate |
| furious | affirmed | tentacles | elegy |

101

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| embellish | frivolous | qualified | existence |
| swivel | insinuate | embryo | fracture |
| frugal | congeal | revenue | anniversary |
| scarcity | debit | development | sycamore |

102

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| ingredient | identical | centennial | aerial |
| swerve | intercede | diurnal | pillory |
| municipal | legible | treacherous | diligence |
| grievous | millenium | affectionate | sovereigns |

103

WORD BUILDING

Clamare (clamatus) ; Radicals—clamat, clamor, claim=*to call, to shout.*

Citare (citatus) ; Radicals—cite, citat=*to stir up, to rouse.*

acclamation (*ac*, to ; *clamat*, to shout ; *ion*, act of), act of shouting out.

excite (*ex*, out ; *cite*, to rouse), to rouse out, to stir up.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| excitable | The people are not excitable and the agitators could not, therefore, incite them to riot. |
| incite | |
| clamorous | The clamorous crows flew to the woods. |
| proclamation | The President's proclamation was received |
| exclamation | with exclamations of marked approval. |

104

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| endurance | symptom | designer | hypocrite |
| devastate | excavation | fellowship | stupefy |
| squander | siphon | entreated | insecure |
| disastrous | dirge | regiment | elopement |

105

| | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|------------|
| caliber | callous | fraternal | synonym |
| fatigued | archer | festivals | centralize |
| discussion | disguise | maxim | emphasize |
| eminence | major | equivalent | stealthily |

106

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| manicure | infamous | coupon | humid |
| infuriate | humility | despotism | desertion |
| hungrily | calimine | infamy | cessation |
| gossamer | congestion | humorous | iniquity |

107

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| hostility | creation | energies | infrequent |
| intensely | statistics | chicory | collection |
| carat | reconcile | industrious | frieze |
| defective | intimacy | hominy | calculate |

108

WORD BUILDING

Metiri (mensus) ; Radicals—*metr*, meter=*measure*.

diameter (*dia*, through; *meter*, measure), the measure through the middle of a circle.

metrical (*metr*, measure; *ical*, relating to), relating to meter.

| | |
|--------------|---|
| meter | The root meter is used in naming many of |
| thermometer | the instruments by which things are measured. |
| barometer | The thermometer measures heat; the barom- |
| chronometer | eter measures the weight of the air; the chro- |
| gasometer | nometer measures time; the gasometer meas- |
| electrometer | ures the volume of gas; the electrometer is the |
| symmetrical | instrument that measures electricity. |

109

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| capacious | visionaries | fumigate | fraudulent |
| physique | supervisory | solicitor | frivolous |
| reveal | visible | elliptical | scarcity |
| schedule | resemblance | significant | existence |

110

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| informant | teachable | colossal | ingenious |
| chiefly | stratum | inscription | solitaire |
| embassy | intestines | resource | strychnine |
| symbol | circuit | superseded | catsup |

111

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| singularly | endorse | confirmation | solstice |
| cadaverous | solidity | political | etiquette |
| endurable | challenged | eventful | fateful |
| fascinate | evaporate | fantastic | similarity |

112

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| eradicate | especially | establish | fallacy |
| facilitate | fabric | fatigue | assurance |
| skeptical | stenography | anxiety | extricate |
| contractor | challenge | encircled | corrugated |

113

WORD BUILDING

Numerus; Radical—numer=*a number*.

Nasci (natus); Radicals—nase, nat=*to grow, to be born*.

Navis; Radical—nav=*a ship*.

numerous (*numer*, number; *ous*, full of), of many numbers.

natal (*nat*, born; *al*, pertaining to), pertaining to birth.

navigate (*nav*, a ship; *ig*, to drive; *ate*, act of), to drive or direct a ship.

numbering They are numbering the houses today.

navy England's navy is the largest in the world.

navigators Magellan was one of the world's greatest

native navigators; Fiske considered him the greatest.

114

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| clamorous | endurance | eminence | cessation |
| exclamation | disastrous | disguise | statistics |
| acclamation | regiment | stealthily | frieze |
| excitable | equivalent | infuriate | carat |

115

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| anatomy | recorder | choral | posterior |
| exaggerate | annexation | anticipate | reverence |
| choir | pernicious | erasure | anteroom |
| associate | refrigerator | falsify | erosion |

116

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| antidote | eruption | antagonist | sluggish |
| chloroform | fanaticism | phonograph | prohibit |
| phlegm | antiseptic | antiquated | assimilate |
| anguish | estuaries | eulogy | cholera |

117

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| ascertain | protrude | reveal | recommend |
| candidly | resolution | concise | phantom |
| steerage | profile | provincial | artesian |
| consumptive | ascended | assassin | suspicion |

118

WORD BUILDING

Trahere (*tractus*) ; Radical—tract=*to draw*.

Tendere (*tensus*) ; Radicals—tend, tens, tent=*to stretch*.

attractive (*at*, to ; *tract*, to draw ; *ive*, that which), that which draws or attracts attention.

extension (*ex*, out ; *tens*, to stretch ; *ion*, act or condition of), act of stretching out.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| protracting | He is purposely protracting the session. |
| detractors | His detractors will be haled into court. |
| ostentatious | His ostentatious manners attracted the at- |
| attention | tention of all those present. |
| extracting | That process of extracting works well. |

119

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| rascality | perpetuate | recompense | charitable |
| phaeton | raiment | phosphate | essential |
| quivered | phonics | collier | artificial |
| catacombs | chicory | arrears | executor |

120

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| symmetrical | teachable | similarity | stenography |
| gasometer | solitaire | fascinate | numerous |
| electrometer | strychnine | corrugated | navigators |
| diameter | challenged | extricate | natal |

121

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| facsimile | stringent | preservation | conviction |
| surgery | contravene | radiators | persecute |
| sobriety | steadiness | competent | reverent |
| procedure | comedy | regulation | countenance |

122

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| constancy | casino | stencil | retinue |
| staunch | courageous | cornea | chamois |
| privacy | precedent | persevere | rapidity |
| physical | stability | prominence | cartridges |

123

WORD BUILDING

Tribuere (*tributus*); Radical—tribut=*to assign, to allot, to give.*

Sumere (*sumptus*); Radicals—sum, sumpt=*to take.*

attribute (*at, to; tribut, to assign*), assign to, belonging to.

resumption (*re, again; sumpt, to take; ion, act of*), the act of taking or assuming again.

assuming They are assuming that the consumption of
consumption iron goods will increase the next few years.

tributary The Ohio is a tributary of the Mississippi.

distribution Darwin's discussion of the distribution of
contribution plants is a valuable contribution to science.

124

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|----------|
| caterer | exploits | chasm | carrión |
| succession | guinea | snobbish | slough |
| suspected | inimitable | copiously | capacity |
| disposition | ocular | prosperity | prudence |

125

| | | | |
|------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| congregate | chemist | converge | ferrule |
| presuppose | cavalry | bigotry | gauze |
| radius | slippery | jocund | magician |
| sloyd | correction | canine | oratories |

126

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| reverence | phlegm | reveal | protracting |
| pernicious | antiseptic | recommend | phaeton |
| refrigerator | assimilate | ostentatious | recompense |
| exaggerate | ascended | extracting | artificial |

127

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| abscess | dysentery | taint | cymbals |
| aliquot | waive | chilblain | incurring |
| diphthong | triple | clambered | lithe |
| impede | tepid | reliant | monastery |

128

WORD BUILDING

Caedere (*Caesus*) ; Radicals—cide, cise=*to cut, to kill*.

Nunciare (*nunciatus*) ; Radicals—nunci, nounc=*to announce, to tell*.

precise (*pre*, before ; *cise*, to cut) ; to cut before, careful, exact.
 annunciation (*an*, to ; *nunci*, to announce ; *ion*, act of), the act of announcing.

| | |
|-------------|--|
| precision | Precision in language is hard to acquire. |
| renounced | He renounced his rights to the throne. |
| enunciates | James enunciates very distinctly. |
| decisions | The language used in the court's decisions |
| conciseness | is noted for its elegance and conciseness. |

129

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| noisome | unique | coincide | scaffold |
| provocative | whey | prodigious | agile |
| revelry | moulded | saluting | essence |
| spontaneous | annoyance | frigate | solicit |

130

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| serenade | unfortunate | advertisement | automobile |
| tedious | writhe | fascinated | reverend |
| festival | asthma | rhubarb | salvage |
| hideous | exquisite | severity | equinox |

131

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| allegory | frivolous | boundaries | dedicate |
| imprudent | impossible | catarrh | implement |
| happiness | anecdotes | delirium | lenient |
| alienate | contentment | envious | adulterate |

132

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|
| facsimile | staunch | distribution | copiously |
| sobriety | prominence | succession | jocund |
| competent | chamois | caterer | ferrule |
| stringent | tributary | capacity | congregate |

133

WORD BUILDING

Migrare (*migratus*); Radicals—*migr*, *migrat*==*to wander, to go from place to place.*

Struere (*structus*); Radicals—*stru*, *struct*==*to build.*

emigrant (*em*, out; *migr*, to wander; *ant*, one who), one who wanders from or leaves a country.

construction (*con*, together; *struct*, to build, *ion*, act of), act of building together.

| | |
|------------|--|
| migratory | Can you name some migratory birds? |
| structures | Concrete structures are very substantial. |
| emigrate | People emigrate from their native land and |
| immigrate | immigrate to the land of their choice. |

134

| | | | |
|------------|------------|----------|------------|
| epitaph | affliction | burglary | articulate |
| intrusion | vitality | cashmere | indignant |
| liberally | transient | bequest | absolutely |
| ammunition | excelsior | inundate | contortion |

135

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| drapery | erosion | intellectual | allege |
| compulsory | indolence | contour | explanation |
| essential | judicious | antidote | chagrin |
| identity | sentinel | cowardice | decorum |

136

| | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| capsule | cylinder | morgue | harmonize |
| deformity | memento | memorable | credential |
| flippant | pathetic | pleurisy | equation |
| grievous | obsolete | raspberry | remonstrance |

137

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| adoration | profusion | humiliate | glycerine |
| shriveled | popularity | porcelain | anarchy |
| quarantine | reverence | reprimand | prominent |
| renovate | extravagance | appreciate | feign |

138

WORD BUILDING

Servare (*servatus*) ; Radicals—serv, servat==to save, to keep, to protect.

Solvere (*solutus*) ; Radicals—solv, solut==to loosen.

preservative (*pre*, before ; *servat*, to save ; *ive*, that which), that which saves or preserves.

dissolve (*dis*, apart ; *solv*, to loosen), to pull apart, to loosen.

conservatory A conservatory is a building equipped to preserve tender plants from the cold weather.

absolute The Czar is an absolute monarch.

service The soldiers have been detained for service

reservation in the reservation.

139

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------|------------|
| abscess | annunciation | prodigious | fascinated |
| aliquot | enunciates | essence | alienate |
| clambered | conciseness | tedious | delirium |
| cymbals | noisome | asthma | lenient |

140

| | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| communicated | embroidered | destruction | hygiene |
| sufferers | crucifix | culinary | amputate |
| testament | superstition | egotism | inspiration |
| deportment | insurance | invaluable | lurid |

141

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| indelible | aggrieve | insinuate | trapeze |
| adulterate | shrewd | saturate | machinery |
| imbecile | dictation | voucher | palatial |
| ligament | eloquent | abolition | diversion |

142

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| incredible | hypocrite | manacle | incense |
| luxuriant | habitation | aversion | effigy |
| excellence | delegate | surety | civility |
| inference | converge | resentful | journeying |

143

WORD BUILDING

Jungere (*junctus*) ; Radicals—*junct*, *join*==to *join*.

Liber; Radical—*liber*==free.

Locus; Radical—*loc*==a place.

subjoin (*sub*, under; *join*, to join), to join under, to annex.

liberty (*liber*, free; *ty*, state of), state of being free.

dislocate (*dis*, apart; *loc*, a place; *ate*, to make), to make a place apart; to put out of joint.

| | |
|------------|---|
| injunction | The judge will issue the injunction today. |
| liberal | Carnegie is very liberal with his money. |
| locality | Nearly all the mining claims in this locality |
| relocated | have been relocated. |

144

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| emigrant | vitality | judicious | cylinder |
| migratory | inundate | essential | shriveled |
| liberally | transient | obsolete | glycerine |
| immigrate | drapery | grievous | porcelain |

145

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------|
| arbitrary | cushioned | cranium | lacerate |
| prejudice | eligible | encroach | extortion |
| impostor | deliberate | retention | furlough |
| dilution | lithe | kindergarten | epicure |

146

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| feasible | illustrated | generalize | designated |
| hindrance | alacrity | agility | enumerate |
| graduation | gratifying | decanter | cathedral |
| estuary | arrogant | efficient | contagious |

147

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| hoax | buoyancy | fidelity | ineffectual |
| extremity | inspiration | eradicate | plausible |
| gigantic | jubilant | incurable | implicitly |
| hypnotize | fallacy | lateral | gormand |

148

WORD BUILDING

Parare (*paratus*); Radicals—*par*, *parat*==*to make ready, to prepare*.

Primus; Radical—*prim*==*first, original*.

Mare; Radical—*mar*==*the sea*.

prepare (*pre*, before; *par*, to make ready), make ready before.

primary (*prim*, first; *ary*, relating to), relating to the first.

marine (*mar*, the sea; *ine*, pertaining to), pertaining to the sea.

mariner The United States navy includes several
submarine excellent submarine vessels.

comparing After comparing the ores, he concluded that
separated the minerals in them should be separated.

149

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| exhaustion | spherical | captious | combination |
| flagrant | terraces | tabouret | subterfuge |
| idolatry | schedule | scavenger | resignation |
| insulate | retaliate | buoyant | celluloid |

150

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------|------------|
| absolute | testament | ligament | incredible |
| reservation | culinary | palatial | locality |
| dissolve | superstition | manacle | liberal |
| conservative | aggrieve | delegate | subjoin |

GENERAL REVIEW

151

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| besiege | gorgeous | fabulous | vexatious |
| calomel | symbol | issuing | deceiver |
| thievery | patriotism | growsome | sanguine |
| mercenary | punctual | socialist | malicious |
| celebrate | officious | luxuriant | resistance |

152

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| chivalry | impugn | celluloid | grenadier |
| colonel | apiary | intelligence | capsule |
| incredible | treadle | calendar | abstinence |
| sobriety | acceptance | prairies | clique |
| aisle | hindrance | pittance | requirements |

153

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| heinous | kiln | reluctant | orifice |
| plausible | harangue | burlesque | boulevard |
| guillotine | intrinsic | alleviate | ordinance |
| ambuscade | incredible | allurement | epochs |
| balustrade | mattresses | beguile | percolate |

154

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| malicious | indulgence | incredible | pessimist |
| brigadier | pertinence | avoirduois | arrogate |
| cannonade | illegible | courageous | marmalade |
| magnificent | cumbrous | mischievous | superstition |
| rejuvenate | lubricator | ghastly | perilous |

155

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| mirage | reprieve | mileage | satellite |
| currency | euchre | parliament | sagacious |
| porridge | scientific | contrivance | annotations |
| apostrophe | warrant | negotiate | noticeable |
| italicize | pugnacious | parasite | bronchitis |

156

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| sentinel | counselor | supremacy | secants |
| turquoise | furrier | illiberal | bisecting |
| segment | fictitious | gaseous | veinous |
| miniature | timorous | feasible | ridiculous |
| appendicitis | promissory | equivalent | nocturnal |

157

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| deference | coupe | intercede | diurnal |
| delinquent | ferocity | aerial | resemblance |
| lavender | tributary | municipal | fraudulent |
| tenacious | legible | millennium | significant |
| bereave | treacherous | diligence | elliptical |

158

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|
| fumigate | eminence | disastrous | electrometer |
| solicitor | cessation | stealthily | teachable |
| capacious | frieze | corrugated | symmetrical |
| physique | clamorous | fascinate | strychnine |
| endurance | equivalent | challenged | solitaire |

159

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| reverence | phlegm | congregate | staunch |
| refrigerator | antiseptic | facsimile | prodigious |
| chilblain | ascended | stringent | alienate |
| incurring | jocund | chamois | conciseness |
| monastery | copiously | prominence | clambered |

160

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|----------|
| lenient | essential | liberally | manacle |
| cymbals | transient | glycerine | ligament |
| enunciates | inundate | conservative | culinary |
| asthma | obsolete | reservation | delegate |
| shriveled | judicious | aggrieve | palatial |

EIGHTH YEAR GRADE

MERCY

The quality of mercy is not strained;
It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven
Upon the place beneath: it is twice blessed;
It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes:
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest: it becomes
The thronèd monarch better than his crown:
His scepter shows the force of temporal power,
The attribute to awe and majesty,
Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings;
But mercy is above this scepterèd sway;
It is enthroned in the hearts of kings,
It is an attribute to God himself;
And earthly power doth then show likest God's
When mercy seasons justice.

—*Shakespeare*

GRADED LESSONS IN SPELLING

1

| | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------|------------|
| spurious | herbage | solidity | visual |
| frenzied | salient | venerable | buffet |
| tangible | theory | usury | publicity |
| fantasy | vocation | jocular | revengeful |

2

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| revolution | chastise | vernal | ultimate |
| majestic | benzine | sherbet | pallor |
| magnolia | shrubbery | prevalent | celestial |
| biography | cheviot | menial | nausea |

3

| | |
|--------------|--|
| civilization | <p>“At the dawn of civilization, when men began to observe and think, they found themselves in possession of various faculties,—first their five senses, and then imagination, fancy, reason, and memory. They did not distinguish one from the other. They did not know why one idea of which they were conscious should be more true than another. They looked round them in continual surprise, conjecturing fantastic explanations of all they saw and heard. Their traditions and their theories blended one into another.”</p> |
| possession | |
| faculties | |
| imagination | |
| distinguish | |
| continual | |
| conjecture | |
| fantastic | |
| explanations | <p>—James A. Froude</p> |
| traditions | |
| theories | |
| blended | |

—James A. Froude

4

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| mythology | ceremonies | occult | solemnize |
| battalion | naturalize | congenial | cohesion |
| commuted | valiantly | chiseled | sobriety |
| measles | mercenary | palpitate | repudiate |

5

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| subordinate | vagrancy | traverse | momentum |
| refractory | zephyrs | unceasingly | ossify |
| cerebrum | trousseau | preferable | penitent |
| vicinity | despotism | validity | morbid |

6

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|---------|------------|--------------|
| spurious | herbage | chastise | continual |
| buffet | sherbet | vernal | menial |
| tangible | nausea | fantastic | imagination |
| revengeful | cheviot | conjecture | civilization |

7

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| permanently | preliminary | chiffon | calimine |
| nourishment | reprobate | regalia | contrition |
| utopian | rapturous | protege | proximity |
| proficient | burnished | sensibility | reveler |

8

existence "The most perfect English history which
 historical exists is to be found, in my opinion, in the his-
 bearings torical plays of Shakespeare. In these plays,
 adhered rich as they are in fancy and imagination, the
 attainable main bearings of the national story are scrupu-
 correctness lously adhered to, and, whenever attainable,
 possibly with verbal correctness. Shakespeare's object
 circumstances was to exhibit as faithfully as he possibly
 attendance could the exact character of the great actors
 internal in the national drama, the circumstances which
 external attended them, and the motives, internal and
 influenced external, by which they were influenced."

—James A. Froude

9

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| pre-eminent | cleavage | tyrannical | ceremonial |
| respiration | subjugate | cerebellum | barbarian |
| clemency | pretension | reconcile | exchequer |
| typical | obnoxious | prodigal | fumigate |

10

| | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| premises | primeval | satellite | menu |
| collateral | sinister | thwarted | subpoena |
| thermal | ultimatum | mausoleum | tabernacle |
| singularities | bayou | obvious | rescind |

11

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| portiere | thunderous | probity | mutilate |
| rejuvenate | bailiwick | commendation | recuperate |
| myriad | celerity | provocation | perseverance |
| partition | pervert | bourgeois | burlesque |

12

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| valiantly | sobriety | refractory | unceasingly |
| battalion | repudiate | cerebrum | vagrancy |
| palpitate | ceremonies | preferable | trousseau |
| chiseled | mythology | ossify | subordinate |

13

WORD BUILDING

Specere (*spectus*) ; Radicals—spec, spect=*to look, to see*.

Species; Radical—species=*a kind*.

Spirare (*spiratus*) ; Radicals—spir, spirat=*to breathe*.

Spiritus; Radical—spirit=*spirit*.

despicable (*de*, down; *spic*, to look; *able*, fit to be), fit to be looked down upon.

conspire (*con*, together; *spir*, to breathe), to breathe together, to plot.

inspection The two professors intend to make a careful
species inspection of the new species of butterfly.

expire The patient will expire before morning un-
respiration less his respiration becomes stronger.

14

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| preceptor | rendezvous | regime | precocious |
| reimburse | protocol | circuit | vivacity |
| stalwart | venom | counterfeit | cassimere |
| precipitous | usurious | semblance | reputable |

15

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| precipitated | sensibility | predominant | sediment |
| cardinal | obviate | turmoil | comely |
| sequestered | herbarium | caliber | provision |
| tuition | fundamental | seclusion | alias |

16

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| recurrence | eloquence | sectional | predominate |
| proficiency | reprimand | rheumatism | conjecture |
| transfigure | utilize | alertness | preservation |
| deficit | cosmetic | tabulate | remedial |

17

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| remorseless | heritage | stupendous | privation |
| stratum | franchise | clasp | frustrated |
| ruminate | oblivious | promontory | putrid |
| vindictive | parchment | albumen | circumscribed |

18

WORD BUILDING

Sequi (secutus) ; Radicals—sequ, secut=*to follow*.

Petere (petitus) ; Radicals—pet, petit=*to attack, to seek*.

consecutive (*con*, together; *secut*, to follow; *ive*, that which),
a following in regular order.

competitor (*com*, with; *petit*, to seek; *or*, one who), one who
seeks with another—seeks the same thing.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| persecuted | People have been persecuted in the name of |
| prosecuted | religion; criminals are prosecuted in court. |
| consequences | The consequences may be serious indeed. |
| appetite | The appetite should be under control. |
| petition | Can you explain The Right of Petition? |

19

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| proficient | attendance | obnoxious | subpoena |
| protege | attainable | exchequer | bailiwick |
| reveler | existence | collateral | bourgeois |
| preliminary | cleavage | mausoleum | rejuvenate |

20

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| circulation | stratified | formulate | inertia |
| procedure | conspicuous | guise | chicanery |
| stimulated | villainous | impotent | sumptuous |
| citadel | obscurity | languid | tersely |

21

| | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| prolific | procrastinate | obtuse | infamy |
| chaotic | communities | monotonous | repulsive |
| memoir | frivolity | khedive | piety |
| parenthesis | pagoda | lamentation | recreation |

22

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| sedulous | capitulate | petulant | monstrous |
| moralize | restorative | coerce | ravenous |
| stolid | virile | parapet | moccasin |
| revelation | observatory | modification | obstinacy |

23

WORD BUILDING

Fundere (fusus) ; Radicals—fund, fus=*to pour, to melt*.

Mergere (mersus) ; Radicals—merg, mers=*to dip, to sink*.

confusion (*con*, together ; *fus*, to pour ; *ion*, state of), state of being poured together—state of perplexity.

submerge (*sub*, under ; *merg*, to sink) ; to sink under ; to put under water.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| infused | His words infused new life into the men. |
| merged | The corporations will be merged into one. |
| immersed | The minister immersed three people today. |
| diffusion | The wide diffusion of learning is desirable. |
| refunded | The money will be refunded in time to pre- |
| emergency | vent an emergency from arising. |

24

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| preceptor | protocol | herbarium | rheumatism |
| precipitous | precocious | sediment | remorseless |
| reimburse | semblance | recurrence | promontory |
| respiration | fundamental | eloquence | frustrated |

25

| | | | |
|--------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| faculties | resuscitation | fraternal | immortality |
| impugn | secular | harmonious | guile |
| reminiscence | mutilation | mutinous | harbinger |
| pontoon | patrician | democracy | enunciate |

26

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| predicament | permeate | redounding | criterion |
| fraudulent | disheveled | colossal | dogmatic |
| annuity | preventative | distribution | fabulous |
| obliterate | adequate | enervate | evolution |

27

| | | | |
|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| discordant | chateau | rhetorical | surveillance |
| fabricate | rotunda | stamina | tenacity |
| caboose | compensate | demonstration | duplicity |
| enigma | rigorous | encompassed | velveteen |

28

WORD BUILDING

Ponere (*positus*); Radicals—pon, posit=*to place*.

Gratus—Radical—grat=*thankful, pleasing*.

composition (*com*, together; *posit*, to place; *ion*, act of), the act of putting or placing together.

gratitude (*grat*, thankful, pleasing; *tude*, condition or state of), state of being pleased; thankfulness.

| | |
|---------------|--|
| positive | The attorney was positive that his opponent |
| opponent | had agreed to a postponement of the trial, but |
| postponement | he was unable to prove it by the records. |
| gratification | We express gratification over successes, and |
| grateful | gratitude for favors received. |

29

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| chandelier | submissive | floriculture | strategy |
| dissevered | dotage | estimation | illiterate |
| credulity | emblazon | illuminated | observances |
| strychnine | ignoramus | convergent | forfeiture |

30

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| prosecuted | obscurity | procrastinate | sedulous |
| petition | inertia | khedive | immersed |
| competitor | chicanery | virile | emergency |
| consecutive | prolific | monstrous | submerge |

31

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| exterminate | captivate | monopolize | habitual |
| harangue | tenure | parishioners | extempore |
| filigree | subsidize | ordeal | guarantee |
| competitive | incandescent | insomnia | formidable |

32

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| impertinence | nucleus | fastidious | aluminum |
| bounteously | ostensible | sterilize | advantageous |
| stereotype | texture | textile | diffusion |
| sectarian | summarize | intrigue | enmities |

33

WORD BUILDING

Portare (*portatus*) ; Radical—port=*to carry*.

Fortis ; Radical—fort=*strong*.

Aptus ; Radical—apt=*fit, suitable*.

deportment (*de*, down, away ; *port*, to carry ; *ment*, state of),
manner of carrying one's self—manner of
acting.

fortitude (*fort*, strong ; *tude*, state of), state of being strong—
strong to endure adversity.

adaptable (*ad*, to ; *apt*, fit ; *able*, that may be), that may be
fitted to—suitable for.

reported The general has reported that the transpor-
transportation tation facilities are inadequate.

34

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| exhortation | convulsion | grotesque | fallible |
| imputation | sedition | vitiate | epithet |
| deliverance | discernible | chiffonier | garnered |
| enhanced | facility | graphic | facilitate |

35

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| erroneous | despicable | hyacinth | sustenance |
| crevasse | encumber | supervision | fissure |
| effervesce | fluctuate | terrestrial | challenged |
| statistics | grievance | extradite | impetuously |

36

REVIEW

| | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| resuscitation | fraudulent | discordant | gratification |
| guile | obliterate | surveillance | chandelier |
| patrician | colossal | fabricate | illiterate |
| impugn | redounding | congratulate | observances |

37

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|---------------|
| ethereal | inevitable | usurper | filaments |
| imminent | chivalrous | filibuster | uncomfortable |
| flaunt | cogent | innovation | expenditure |
| dyspepsia | vestibule | sedentary | hysterical |

38

WORD BUILDING

Graphin (Gr.) ; Radical—graph=*to write*.

Logos (Gr.) ; Radical—log=*speech, science, discourse*.

autobiography (*auto*, self; *bio*, life; *graph*, to write), that which a person writes about his own life.

zoology (*zoo*, animal; *log*, science), the science which treats of animals.

| | |
|------------|--|
| autograph | The President gave her his autograph. |
| autopsy | An autopsy is a post-mortem examination. |
| monologues | "Wordsworth's finest passages are monologues." |
| dialogue | |
| etymology | Etymology treats of the structure of words. |

39

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| fictitious | implicate | garniture | immutable |
| glacial | ferocious | prodigal | fanaticism |
| homicide | impetuous | requisite | exultation |
| extricate | expedite | horticulture | arraign |

40

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| exorbitant | luxurious | improvise | manipulate |
| glossary | felicitous | explorations | adaptability |
| intangible | genesis | ingredient | fealty |
| laconic | felicity | alleviate | espouse |

41

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|----------------|------------|
| exaggerate | judiciary | laureate | ingenious |
| infallible | albatross | parasite | lancet |
| levity | monotony | transportation | nutrition |
| jeopardy | ostracize | javelins | partiality |

42

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| fligree | impertinence | deportment | fallible |
| incandescent | stereotype | transportation | erroneous |
| parishioners | ostensible | exhortation | challenged |
| harangue | adaptable | chiffonier | impetuously |

43

WORD BUILDING

Venire (*ventus*) ; Radicals—ven, vent=*to come*.

Lex ; Radical—leg=*a law or rule*.

Litera ; Radical—liter=*a letter*.

convention (*con*, together ; *vent*, to come ; *ion*, act of), the act of meeting or coming together ; an assembly.

legal (*leg*, a law ; *al*, pertaining to), pertaining to law.

literary (*liter*, a letter ; *ary*, pertaining to), pertaining or belonging to letters or learning.

inventions Americans lead the world in inventions, and
literature have produced much good literature.

intervene He thinks the United States will intervene.

44

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| inaugurate | scrofula | inherent | junket |
| labyrinth | technical | verbena | malicious |
| justifiable | inoculate | undefiled | inconstancy |
| numerical | mongrel | osculate | treasonable |

45

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| lubricate | incentive | disaffection | environment |
| lymphatic | intrigue | degenerate | inculcate |
| felicitate | lyric | ghoul | limekilns |
| infuriate | fantastic | hilarious | extricate |

46

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| intricate | ironical | incorporate | loquacious |
| linguist | periodicals | efficiency | diphtheria |
| anterior | wretchedness | deprecate | laudable |
| perpetual | triumphant | dramatize | incision |

47

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| iniquity | venomous | deficiencies | infatuate |
| deciduous | liquidate | embryo | declamation |
| enumerating | decipher | influential | excrement |
| tribunal | exemplary | logician | evacuate |

48

WORD BUILDING

Fidere (*fidus*) ; Radical—*fid*==*to trust*.

Fides ; Radical—*fid*==*faith*.

Forma ; Radical—*form*==*shape, form*.

diffident (*dif*, not ; *fid*, to trust ; *ent*, being), being not trustful ;
not trusting one's self.

confidence (*con*, with ; *fid*, to trust ; *ence*, state of), state of
trusting ; having faith in.

reform (*re*, again ; *form*, shape or form), to form again.

informed We have just been informed that he had ad-
information vised the formation of another district.

confidential James is very confidential with him.

49

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| inevitable | zoology | expedite | intangible |
| sedentary | monologues | arraign | infallible |
| filaments | etymology | ingredient | javelins |
| chivalrous | fictitious | felicitous | judiciary |

50

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| incendiary | irritable | sanguine | prescription |
| extravagant | insinuate | pendent | irritating |
| homage | caprice | liquidate | lieutenant |
| insurrection | incantation | casualty | perplexity |

51

| | | | |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| intrepid | delineate | righteousness | retrieve |
| luscious | embezzle | terminate | adipose |
| exemption | intrusive | injurious | rigorously |
| promenade | unfrequented | desolation | denomination |

52

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| compromise | brusque | indignation | mercantile |
| deceitfully | invincible | ludicrous | integral |
| pliant | decorations | genuinely | determination |
| repudiated | ecstasy | hilarity | exonerate |

53

WORD BUILDING

Frangere (*fractus*); Radicals—frang, fract==to break.

Finis; Radical—fin==end or limit.

Tangere (*tactus*); Radicals—tang, tact==to touch.

infraction (*in*, in; *fract*, to break; *ion*, the act of), the breaking of a rule or the violation of law.

final (*fin*, end; *al*, pertaining to), pertaining to the end.

tangible (*tang*, to touch, *ible*, capable of), capable of being touched—something that is real.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| fraction | A fraction is a part of the whole. |
| fragments | Fragments were found nearly a mile away. |
| tactfully | The affair should be handled tactfully. |

54

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| literature | inoculate | inculcate | loquacious |
| inventions | inaugurate | felicitate | deficiencies |
| convention | undefiled | linguist | deciduous |
| legal | intrigue | efficiency | exemplary |

55

| | | | |
|---------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| eulogized | indemnity | upheaval | intervene |
| gravitation | promiscuous | injunction | incendiary |
| heliotrope | eclectic | enshrine | gesticulating |
| extraordinary | ingredient | exhilarate | inevitable |

56

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| governmental | devastate | iniquitous | equivocate |
| episode | cumbrous | epigram | recuperate |
| coagulate | heraldry | bronchial | gratuitous |
| demeanor | debauch | culminate | epilepsy |

57

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| exclamation | equilibrium | integrity | contemporary |
| ingenuity | aqueducts | decipher | peculiarity |
| languor | premier | emergency | equinoctial |
| dexterity | concoct | equipage | coliseum |

58

WORD BUILDING

Vivere (*victus*) ; Radicals—viv, vit=*to live*.

Vocare (*vocatus*) ; Radicals—voc, vocat=*to call*.

Uti (*usus*) Radicals—ut, us=*to use*.

survival (*sur*, beyond ; *viv*, to live ; *al*, state of), state of living beyond ; to outlive.

convocation (*con*, together ; *vocat*, to call ; *ion*, act of), the act of calling together or convening ; a meeting.

useful (*us*, to use ; *ful*, full of), full of use.

usefulness Give the meaning of usefulness and utility.

utility The revival of learning in the fifteenth cen-

revival tury was the survival of Greek learning.

59

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| effervescent | commodity | plurality | infectious |
| coincidence | equity | equipment | debut |
| demagogues | bronchitis | dilemma | penance |
| equivalent | consecrate | inflammable | covertly |

60

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| diffident | incendiary | rigorously | deceitfully |
| confidential | pendent | intrusive | tangible |
| confidence | extravagant | repudiated | tactfully |
| informed | luscious | mercantile | infraction |

61

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| custodian | retribution | monarchy | orthography |
| desecrate | designate | persuasion | emanate |
| intercepted | tragedian | deplorable | monetary |
| protrusion | vague | mohair | cupidity |

62

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| dubious | parity | delirious | enthusiasm |
| enrollment | ordination | coincide | demoralize |
| melodies | nocturnal | spectacular | scrupulous |
| substantiate | majority | drudgery | allowances |

63

WORD BUILDING

Sentire (*sensus*) ; Radicals—sent, sens=*to see, to perceive*.

Sacer ; Radicals—sacr, secrat=*holy, sacred*.

Signum ; Radical—sign=*a sign*.

presentiment (*pre*, before ; *sent*, to perceive ; *ment*, state of),
state of perceiving before.

sacrament (*sacr*, sacred ; *ment*, that which), that which is
sacred ; a religious ceremony.

signify (*sign*, a sign ; *fy*, to make), to make a sign.

consented He consented to accept the appointment al-
sacrifice though it meant a great sacrifice to him.

dissented Three judges dissented from the opinion.

64

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| concentrate | voluntary | constancy | preamble |
| legation | decrepit | tantalized | impediment |
| tranquility | complicity | intermediate | corduroy |
| witticism | antecedent | category | premature |

65

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| consternation | cessation | scrutinize | requisite |
| dexterous | inflammation | remonstrance | suavity |
| emaciate | benign | mutiny | derelict |
| arduous | infamous | spectrum | electrify |

66

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| heliotrope | coagulate | equilibrium | convocation |
| exhilarate | equivocate | ingenuity | effervescent |
| incendiary | epilepsy | peculiarity | equipment |
| eulogized | coliseum | utility | infectious |

67

| | | | |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| collation | statuary | certificate | premature |
| domicile | subtle | dignitary | invariably |
| emissary | commendation | phantom | conservative |
| reservoir | instantaneous | recognition | purloin |

68

WORD BUILDING

Plectere (*plexus*) ; Radical—plex=*to twist*.

Plicare (*plicatus*) ; Radicals—plic, ply=*to fold*.

Oculus ; Radical—ocul=*the eye*.

complexity (*com*, together ; *plex*, to twist ; *ity*, state of), the state of being twisted together.

supplicate (*sup*, under ; *plic*, to fold ; *ate*, act of), the act of bending under ; to ask mercy or favors of.

oculist (*ocul*, the eye ; *ist*, one who), one who treats diseases of the eye.

| | |
|------------|--|
| explicit | The explicit statements of the witness added |
| perplexity | to the perplexity of the defendant. |

69

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| precinct | prosaic | luminous | animosity |
| cordiality | carrion | reciprocal | retaliate |
| innuendo | codicil | preamble | ameliorate |
| lecturing | indentation | inventory | panacea |

70

| | | | |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| ambuscade | resurrection | corrode | dilatory |
| prologue | contradiction | rectitude | commodities |
| copious | alibi | amenities | prevalence |
| whimsical | embarrassment | conflagration | ambulance |

71

| | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| alabaster | elasticity | stimulate | unfaltering |
| surcease | preservation | tenerity | vulnerable |
| condiments | apprehensive | superficial | lassitude |
| insignificance | calisthenics | colloquy | tenacious |

72

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| desecrate | enrollment | dissented | witticism |
| deplorable | allowances | signify | dexterous |
| mohair | parity | decrepit | suavity |
| emanate | sacrament | preamble | remonstrance |

73

WORD BUILDING

Cadere (*casus*) ; Radicals—cad, case, cide=*to fall*.

Brevis ; Radical—brev=*short*.

Caro ; Radical—carn=*flesh*.

brevity (*brev*, short ; *ity*, state of), state of being short.

incident (*in*, upon ; *cid*, to fall ; *ent*, that which), that which falls upon ; that which happens.

carnivorous (*carn*, flesh ; *vor*, to devour ; *ous*, being, having the quality of), flesh-eating.

abbreviated Name some words that are abbreviated.

accident Perhaps an accident has befallen him.

Cascades Have you seen the beautiful Cascades?

74

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| abrasion | adjacent | contusion | reciprocate |
| reverie | provocation | dispensary | condescension |
| allegorical | arbitration | emblematical | eliminate |
| diminutive | duration | supernatural | administration |

75

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| collegiate | sloyd | vulgarity | aristocracy |
| verbatim | symptoms | undulations | sinecure |
| disinfectant | atheist | anonymous | discretion |
| commodious | distortion | disseminate | agacity |

76

| | | | |
|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| dramatist | appalling | intervention | remuneration |
| aristocrat | aspiration | lustrous | proficient |
| diaphragm | determined | apprehension | anchorage |
| relegate | promissory | preservation | recreant |

77

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| affluence | analogy | affiliate | recipient |
| persuasion | conspiracy | inveterate | appreciation |
| salutary | antagonist | aggression | acidity |
| remunerative | subsequent | acumen | practitioner |

78

WORD BUILDING

Cingere (*cinctus*) Radicals—cing, cinct=*to gird*.

Centum; Radical—cent=*a hundred*.

Clinare (*clinatus*); Radicals—clin, clinat=*to bend*.

Clivus; Radical—cliv=*a slope or hill*.

precinct (*pre*, before; *cinct*, to gird), to gird before—that which is bounded or girded around.

centipede (*cent*, a hundred, *ped*, foot), an insect that is supposed to have a hundred or more feet.

inclination (*in*, toward; *clinat*, to lean; *ion*, state of), the state of leaning toward.

declivity (*de*, down; *cliv*, a slope; *ity*, state of), a steep slope.

79

REVIEW

| | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| collation | oculist | ameliorate | embarrassment |
| emissary | explicit | prosaic | elasticity |
| invariably | codicil | ambuscade | vulnerable |
| reservoir | complexity | prevalence | superficial |

80

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| artifice | apathy | iterate | vouchsafed |
| pedestrian | pneumonia | lethargy | intensify |
| rancid | promenade | longevity | abstracted |
| susceptible | indictable | tribulation | interpolated |

81

| | | | |
|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| impious | corpuscles | tolerant | acoustic |
| aeronaut | uninterrupted | anthracite | perpetrate |
| unrelenting | jardiniere | lineage | undulate |
| vauntingly | itinerant | vexation | vehement |

82

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| vocabulary | theological | volatile | aggregate |
| abdication | unassuming | antipathies | ulterior |
| congregation | vaunt | boudoir | privation |
| accusation | bonanza | calamity | antagonize |

83

WORD BUILDING

Facere (factus) ; Radicals—*fac*, *fact*, *fic*—*to do or make*.

Fari (fatus) ; Radicals—*fa*, *fat*—*to speak*.

Magnus ; Radical—*magn*—*great*.

deficient (*de*, down or off ; *fic*, to make ; *ent*, that which), that which is made down—less than enough.

affable (*af*, to ; *fa*, to speak ; *ble*, that may be) that which may be spoken to—easy to speak to.

magnify (*magn*, large ; *fy*, to make), to make large or great.

| | |
|------------|---|
| sufficient | The affair was of sufficient magnitude to |
| magnitude | attract the attention of the entire nation. |
| fable | Give the meaning of fable and fairy story. |

84

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| brevity | reciprocate | commodious | remuneration |
| carnivorous | emblematical | aristocracy | salutary |
| abbreviated | dispensary | appalling | inveterate |
| incident | disinfectant | lustrous | recipient |

85

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| antiseptic | projectile | perceptible | vehemence |
| veracity | celerity | antiquarian | annihilate |
| contemned | audacious | coterie | centralize |
| prevalent | characterize | prorogue | regulation |

86

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| anticipate | bituminous | tremendous | auspicious |
| bequeath | catastrophe | undaunted | autocrat |
| cannonade | allegiance | affinities | benefactress |
| automatic | virulent | triumphal | italicize |

87

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| irrelevant | legitimate | vicissitudes | interpretation |
| chloroform | incipient | oracle | litigation |
| apropos | consummate | personalities | audacity |
| irritant | concentrated | inimical | condolence |

88

WORD BUILDING

Rumpere (*ruptus*) ; Radical—*rupt*=*to break*.

Mercis ; Radical—*merc*=*trade, traffic, merchandise*.

Ordo ; Radical—*ordin*=*order*.

Pars ; Radical—*part*=*a part or share*.

eruption (*e*, out ; *rupt*, to break, *ion*, act of), the act of breaking out—as, the eruption of a volcano.

commercial (*com*, with ; *merc*, trade, traffic ; *al*, pertaining to), pertaining to trade.

insubordinate (*in*, not ; *sub*, under ; *ordin*, order ; *ate*, state of), disobedience to authority.

partial (*part*, a part ; *al*, pertaining to), a part of.

89

| | | | |
|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| consistency | voracious | archery | proximate |
| intolerable | valorous | aptitude | vaudeville |
| pajamas | treacherously | perspective | prodigy |
| aggressive | agnosticism | repudiate | acclamation |

90

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| centipede | longevity | jardiniere | abdication |
| declivity | lethargy | itinerant | deficient |
| inclination | indictable | boudoir | sufficient |
| precinct | lineage | volatile | magnitude |

91

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| prostration | prosaic | propagated | officiate |
| arrogant | neuralgia | apparition | monologue |
| species | optimist | veritable | nom de plume |
| pugnacious | theatrical | suavity | orifice |

92

| | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| photographers | reverence | auxiliaries | necessitate |
| apprenticeship | association | proportioned | communion |
| vertebrae | prestige | reprieve | astounding |
| ungovernable | unutterable | premise | theorize |

93

manifested "As a commander of men in the field General Grant manifested the highest characteristics of the soldier, as evinced in every battle in which he was engaged from Palo Alto to Appomattox. He was bold in conception, fixed in purpose, and vigorous in execution. He never allowed himself to be thrown on the defensive, but always aimed to take the initiative in battle. He made armies and not cities the objective points of his campaigns. Obstacles which would have deterred another, seemed only to inspire him with greater confidence."—*Horace Porter*

evinced
conception
vigorous
execution
defensive
initiative
objective
campaigns
obstacles
deterred
confidence
inspiration

94

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| prosecution | assimilation | potentate | accomplice |
| atrocious | veracious | tolerable | veille |
| aperture | transfigure | unconsciously | psychology |
| vanquish | vacillate | atrocious | appropriate |

95

WORD BUILDING

Audire (*auditus*) ; Radicals—*audi*==to hear.

Cedere (*cessus*) ; Radicals—*cede*, *ceed*, *cess*==to go, to yield.

| | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| inaudible | audience | procession | receding |
| auditorium | auditory | successor | excessive |

96

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| projectile | affinities | incipient | eruption |
| antiquarian | italicize | chloroform | voracious |
| vehemence | bituminous | insubordinate | repudiate |
| annihilate | vicissitude | partial | indictable |

97

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| attache | versatile | acquiesce | superfluous |
| reconnoiter | unwieldy | tonsilitis | premier |
| pulmonary | tournament | receptacle | arbitrary |
| attributes | uproarious | attenuated | rapacious |

98

| | |
|--------------|--|
| unassuming | “His (Grant’s) unassuming manner, purity |
| purity | of character, and absolute loyalty inspired loy- |
| absolute | alty in others, confidence in his methods, and |
| inspired | gained him the devotion of the humblest of his |
| confidence | subordinates. He exhibited a rapidity of |
| devotion | thought and action on the field which enabled |
| subordinates | him to move with a promptness rarely ever |
| exhibited | equaled, and which never failed to astonish, |
| rapidity | and often to baffle, the best efforts of a less |
| enabled | vigorous opponent. A study of his martial |
| martial | deeds inspires us with the grandeur of events |
| grandeur | and the majesty of achievement.” |

—Horace Porter

99

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| acquisition | quiescent | uniformity | posthumous |
| reversible | rarefy | precarious | velocity |
| projectile | quandary | unmistakable | posterior |
| asphyxiate | promiscuous | variegated | astronomer |

100

WORD BUILDING

Dicere (dictus) ; Radical—dict—to say, to speak.

Jurare (juratus) ; Radicals—jur, jure—to swear.

| | | | |
|----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| dictator | contradict | perjurer | conjuring |
| edicts | indictment | juryman | perjured |

101

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| astrologers | conjecture | placate | plagiarize |
| polluted | pedigree | aqueous | assuaged |
| respiratory | astute | subjugate | piracy |
| accessory | posterity | covetous | accession |

102

REVIEW

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| nom de plume | prestige | deterred | veracious |
| apparition | reprieve | obstacles | receding |
| suavity | necessitate | assimilation | successor |
| pugnacious | initiative | psychology | inaudible |

103

| | |
|--------------|--|
| existence | "He (Grant) did not fight for glory, but |
| equality | for national existence, and the equality and |
| ambition | rights of men. His sole ambition was his |
| prosperity | country's prosperity. His victories failed to |
| dispatches | elate him. In the dispatches which reported |
| arrogance | his triumphs there was no word of arrogance, |
| exaggeration | no exaggeration, no aim at dramatic effect. |
| dramatic | With all his self-reliance he was never be- |
| reliance | trayed into immodesty of expression. He |
| immodesty | never underrated himself in a battle, he never |
| expression | overrated himself in a report. He could not |
| overrated | only command armies, he could command |
| commanded | himself."— <i>Horace Porter</i> |

104

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| pittance | injudicious | incidental | coalesce |
| acquittal | accumulate | cartilage | imperious |
| brigade | beverages | belligerent | barricade |
| intimations | caricature | contagion | assimilate |

105

WORD BUILDING

Dividere (divisus) ; Radicals—divid, divis=*to divide*.

Scribere (scriptus) ; Radicals—scrib, script=*to write*.

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| subdivided | indivisible | manuscripts | conscriptive |
| individual | devised | subscription | prescribed |

106

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| concussion | complaisance | boulevard | inclemency |
| indemnify | assailants | incorporated | conspirator |
| colleague | installation | careened | assemblage |
| ordinances | parole | bivouac | capillary |

107

| | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| manacle | malleable | coagulation | nefarious |
| novice | perturbed | catechism | pauperism |
| perjurer | convalesce | pecuniary | mechanically |
| insignia | antiquity | mechanics | opiate |

108

faithfully "On a quiet autumn morning, in the land
 spiritual which he loved so well, and, as he held, served
 ennobled so faithfully, the spirit of Robert Edward Lee
 traveled left the clay which it had so much ennobled,
 mysterious and traveled out of this world into the mys-
 surrounded terious land. The expressions of regret which
 soldier sprang from the few who surrounded the bed-
 Christian side of the dying soldier and Christian, on yes-
 resounding terday, will be swelled today into one mighty
 extending voice of sorrow, resounding throughout our
 genius country, and extending over all parts of the
 virtues world where his great genius and his many
 expressions virtues are known."—*New York Herald*

109

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| reconnoiter | exhibited | quiescent | conjuring |
| uproarious | martial | variegated | plagiarize |
| acquiesce | grandeur | indictment | respiratory |
| rapacious | precarious | perjurer | aqueous |

110

WORD BUILDING

Trahere (*tractus*) ; Radical—tract=*to draw*.

Tribuere (*tributus*) ; Radical—tribut=*to assign, to give*.

| | | | |
|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| attracted | extracting | contributed | presumption |
| contracted | detractors | tributary | retribution |

111

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| piquant | coercion | incipient | undutiful |
| accountant | picturesque | tincture | tortuous |
| boisterous | accessories | philanthropy | accumulation |
| appropriately | cosmopolitan | aspirations | phalanx |

112

| | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| accelerated | colleague | respiration | penitent |
| convalescence | toper | substantiate | satirist |
| pilgrimage | instinctively | installment | squalor |
| beleaguered | physique | phlegmatic | performances |

113

limited
 Virginian
 forgetting
 forgiving
 agony
 Confederate
 cherished
 military
 belonging
 recounted
 recorded
 triumphs

“For not to the Southern people alone shall be limited the tribute of a tear over the dead Virginian. Here in the North, forgetting that the time was when the sword of Robert Edward Lee was drawn against us,—forgetting and forgiving all the years of bloodshed and agony,—we have long since ceased to look upon him as the Confederate leader, but have claimed him as one of ourselves; have cherished and felt proud of his military genius as belonging to us; have recounted and recorded his triumphs as our own.”—*New York Herald*

114

REVIEW .

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| existence | belligerent | manuscripts | bivouac |
| arrogance | coalesce | indivisible | pecuniary |
| reliance | incidental | boulevard | nefarious |
| overrated | individual | indemnify | convalesce |

115

| | | | |
|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| recluse | sagacious | obituary | paradox |
| sacrament | respective | mosaic | pantomime |
| anniversary | conduit | requital | satirize |
| perspiratory | philosophers | subversive | reverently |

116

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| masquerade | cartilage | omnipotent | momentous |
| nominal | systematic | naturalist | neutralize |
| paraffine | resplendent | mizzentop | oscillate |
| optional | noticeable | ingenuous | insensible |

117

| | | | |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| mortification | navigable | architectural | spacious |
| reminiscence | manipulate | masonry | impeachment |
| signalize | incantations | obsequies | motley |
| paramount | armistice | arrogate | parsimony |

118

developed extensive lodgment dignified presumption affable familiarity idolized admiration intoxicate misfortune adversity

“In him (Robert E. Lee) the military genius of America was developed to a greater extent than ever before. In him all that was pure and lofty in mind and purpose found lodgment. Dignified without presumption, affable without familiarity, he united all those charms of manner which made him the idol of his friends and of his soldiers, and won for him the respect and admiration of the world. Even as, in the days of his triumph, glory did not intoxicate, so, when the dark clouds swept over him, adversity did not depress.”

—*New York Herald*

119

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| archipelago | armament | mitigate | articulate |
| manifested | abhorrence | inadvertent | maintenance |
| subordinate | negotiable | maudlin | patronize |
| meditation | operative | mooted | mandamus |

120

REVIEW

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| pecuniary | traveled | retribution | boisterous |
| nefarious | soldier | detractors | beleaguered |
| coagulation | spiritual | incipient | satirist |
| malleable | tributary | coercion | substantiate |

SYNONYMS

121

A *synonym* is one of two or more words in a language which have the same meaning, or nearly the same meaning. Usually, however, synonyms differ a little in meaning; as, *character* and *reputation* (see illustration below).

Any one who wishes to become really proficient in the use of the English language must be able to select the word that will express the exact meaning that he wishes to express. In order to do this he must devote some time to the study of synonyms and must have much practice in their use.

The next twenty-nine lessons are devoted to synonyms. In addition to learning to spell all of these synonyms, the pupil should study the different shades of meaning expressed by those used in the illustrative lessons, and should use the others in sentences. This practice may teach him to use them correctly.

character
reputation
admirable
excellent
exquisite

Character is what you really are; *reputation* is what people say you are.

A man's character may be *admirable*; reputations may be *excellent*; and the delicate coloring of the flower may be *exquisite*.

122

achieved
finished
completed
terminated
familiar
acquainted
intimate
biased
inclination
tendency
propensity
disposition

We may say that a man has *achieved* the main purpose or object of his plans; that he has *finished* or *completed* a certain piece of work; and that he *terminated* a discussion.

When they learned that they were *familiar* with the same scenes, they became better *acquainted* and are now *intimate* friends.

Men may be *biased* in their judgment; they may have an *inclination* to do a certain act; they may have a natural *tendency* or *propensity* to do evil; their natural *disposition* may be kind and generous.

123

ascertain
verify

To *ascertain* is to prove a thing true or false; to *verify* is to secure evidence of a fact.

attractive
alluring
inviting
engaging

"That is *attractive* which awakens interest; *alluring* which awakens desire; *inviting* which prompts to take and enjoy; *engaging* which takes possession of the mind and heart."

favorable
propitious
auspicious
genial

Conditions which further our plans are *favorable*; conditions favorably inclined to them are *propitious*; conditions which seem or look favorable to them are *auspicious*.

benefaction
donation

The gift of land to the university is a *benefaction*; the fifty dollars is a *donation*.

124

abandon
relinquish
absolute
despotic

arbitrary
tyrannical
absolve
acquit

exonerate
abstraction
abduction
accompany

attend
escort
aggressor
assailant

125

enterprise
adventures

In carrying out the bold *enterprise*, they met with many strange *adventures*.

estimate
esteem
appreciate

We may *estimate* the loss of an enterprise; *esteem* a man because of his character; and *appreciate* a kindness shown us.

understand
comprehend
conceive
apprehend
perceive

"One *understands* languages; *comprehends* science; *conceives* possibilities; and *apprehends* facts. It is difficult to understand what is involved, to comprehend what is abstract, to *perceive* what is indistinct."

argument
controversy

The *argument* which he made caused much *controversy* among many of those who heard it.

126

| | | | |
|------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| accomplish | <u>perform</u> | record | arrange |
| execute | account | history | accommodate |
| effect | narrative | <u>memoir</u> | adapt |
| achieve | description | adjust | compromise |

127

| | | | |
|----------|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| address | discourse | revere | discretion |
| speech | <u>appeal</u> | venerate | judgment |
| oration | adore | worship | discrimination |
| harangue | reverence | discernment | penetration |

128

bravery The soldier who storms the breast-works
gallantry exhibits *bravery* and *gallantry*; the *courageous*
courageous man faces moral or physical danger calmly;
intrepid the *intrepid* and *undaunted* face calmly great
undaunted reverses or appalling terrors and perils.

 Anything that causes harm to a person is a
mishap *misfortune*; misfortunes that cause more than
mischance ordinary harm are *disasters*; an event that
misfortune produces extensive evils is a *calamity*; an
disaster event that causes awful and complete destruc-
calamity tion is a *catastrophe*. The term *visitation* de-
catastrophe notes providential punishment.
visitation

129

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| alertness | briskness | condescending | pleasing |
| alacrity | <u>nimbleness</u> | <u>accessible</u> | <u>congenial</u> |
| agility | affable | agreeable | anomalous |
| activity | courteous | pleasant | irregular |

130

| | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|
| alliance | partnership | <u>elegant</u> | <u>artificer</u> |
| league | <u>combination</u> | artist | decorum |
| confederacy | <u>comely</u> | artisan | decency |
| association | graceful | mechanic | propriety |

131

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| appraise | value | unlimited | self-conceit |
| appreciate | <u>prize</u> | <u>infinite</u> | pride |
| estimate | boundless | arrogance | vanity |
| esteem | unbounded | presumption | haughtiness |

132

| | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|
| appropriate | jurisdiction | ungainly | beseech |
| <u>suitable</u> | <u>dominion</u> | <u>uncouth</u> | supplicate |
| authority | awkward | entreat | implore |
| power | clumsy | request | solicit |

133

calumny False evil-speaking that injures a person is
 aspersions *calumny*; statements which tarnish reputation
 detractions are *aspersions*; statements which belittle char-
 defamation acter or worth are *detractions*; a statement
 libelous which injures the public reputation of a per-
 slanderous son is *defamation*; written defamation is *libel*;
 vilification spoken defamation is *slander*.

captivity A prisoner of war, although allowed much
 imprisonment liberty, is a *captive*; a person involuntarily
 immured kept within walls by another is *imprisoned*; he
 confinement may choose to be *immured* within walls; he
 incarceration may be *confined* to his room by sickness.

134

| | | | |
|----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|
| barbarous | disconcert | pretty | partner |
| <u>inhuman</u> | <u>frustrate</u> | <u>lovely</u> | mate |
| baffle | beautiful | companion | colleague |
| defeat | handsome | associate | comrade |

135

| | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| defective | disorder | depression | loftiness |
| deficient | disturbance | despondency | <u>haughtiness</u> |
| <u>imperfect</u> | commotion | melancholy | falter |
| confusion | dejection | dignity | hesitate |

136

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| discredit | scornful | illustrious | business |
| dishonor | contemptuous | distinguished | avocation |
| disgrace | supercilious | prominent | occupation |
| disdainful | eminent | employment | vocation |

137

| | | | |
|----------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| fable | novel | perfidious | possible |
| fiction | romance | famous | practicable |
| parable | faithless | celebrated | inadequate |
| allegory | treacherous | feasible | insufficient |

138

list *Lists* contain simply names of individuals or
roll things; a *catalog* gives information about
catalog those named; *inventories* are lists of movable
inventory goods; books containing the names of pupils
register and information about them are *registers*.

rites Religious acts may be referred to as *rites*
ceremonies or *ceremonies*; the keeping of a holiday as the
observance *observance* of that day.

celebrates A nation *celebrates* what is illustrious in its
commemorates history and *commemorates* what is dear.

deception When they studied his *deception*, they found
delusion that it was due to a long cherished *delusion*.

139

| | | | |
|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|
| pretend | fruitful | compliment | terrify |
| simulate | prolific | adulation | intimidate |
| dissemble | productive | blandishment | instrument |
| fertile | flattery | frighten | implement |

140

| | | | |
|-------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| superb | stately | vehement | unlearned |
| majestic | splendid | impetuous | unlettered |
| imposing | furious | ignorant | meditate |
| magnificent | violent | illiterate | contemplate |

141

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|-----------|-------------|
| indistinct | sedition | mutiny | interpose |
| confused | rebellion | defection | mediate |
| obscure | revolt | riot | interfere |
| insurrection | revolution | intercede | intermeddle |

142

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| loquacious | humble | harmony | remembrance |
| talkative | modest | accordance | reminiscence |
| garrulous | diffident | memory | modify |
| lowly | melody | recollection | qualify |

143

variation *Variations* may occur in the same *variety* of
 variety roses or among the individuals of any kind or
 alteration variety; an *alteration* is a *change* in the in-
 change dividual or thing itself.

management *Management* usually refers to business af-
 administration fairs; *administration* to public affairs.

cheer To *cheer* is to put into better spirits; to *en-*
 enliven *liven* or *animate* is to infuse with new energy
 animate or life; *encourage* is to give heart and new
 encourage impulse; *exhilarate* is to give joy or pleasure
 exhilarate in an unusual degree; to *comfort* is to give re-
 comfort lief from mental worry or bodily pain.

144

| | | | |
|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| mysterious | essential | affecting | prevalent |
| mystical | requisite | tragic | percolate |
| magical | needful | predominant | permeate |
| necessary | pathetic | prevailing | pervade |

145

| | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|
| mercy | commiseration | pacific | submissive |
| clemency | condolence | obedient | dutiful |
| leniency | sympathy | compliant | precarious |
| compassion | peaceable | yielding | uncertain |

146

| | | | |
|------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| privacy | <u>loneliness</u> | <u>h</u> avoc | <u>miraculous</u> |
| retirement | ravage | supernatural | proposal |
| solitude | devastation | preternatural | proposition |
| seclusion | desolation | superhuman | overture |

147

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| proxy | <u>restoration</u> | <u>reasonable</u> | <u>abusive</u> |
| <u>substitute</u> | qualified | recognize | transparent |
| reparation | competent | acknowledge | translucent |
| restitution | rational | scurrilous | pellucid |

148

circumstances *Circumstances* may determine our actions;
 situation the *situation* of an army may be desperate; an
 incident *incident* is a *fact* or happening that may have
 fact no important relation to other things; an
 event *event* is a rather important *occurrence* and is
 occurrence usually directly connected with other things.

encumber A heavy load may *encumber* a person; bad
 impede roads may *impede* the advance of an army;
 obstruct drifts of snow may *obstruct* a road; various
 embarrass things may *embarrass* a person.

conclusive We may say that an argument is *conclusive*
 decisive and that a victory is *decisive*.

149

| | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| secrecy | transitory | <u>treasonable</u> | <u>expressive</u> |
| <u>concealment</u> | fleeting | sentimental | ugliness |
| temporary | treacherous | romantic | deformity |
| transient | traitorous | significant | disfigurement |

150

| | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| singular | <u>expedition</u> | <u>proportion</u> | wearisome |
| <u>extraordinary</u> | strenuous | thoughtful | <u>tedious</u> |
| undertaking | energetic | <u>considerate</u> | waste |
| enterprise | symmetry | tiresome | squander |

GENERAL REVIEW

151

| | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| spurious | herbage | chiseled | valiantly |
| tangible | revengeful | ossify | obnoxious |
| vernal | fantastic | preferable | attendance |
| imagination | sobriety | unceasingly | protege |
| buffet | cerebrum | repudiate | reveler |

152

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| mausoleum | precocious | herbarium | virile |
| cleavage | sediment | procrastinate | emergency |
| subpoena | recurrence | khedive | sedulous |
| proficient | semblance | consecutive | competitor |
| precipitous | fundamental | chicanery | surveillance |

153

| | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| illiterate | discordant | ostensible | infallible |
| patrician | observances | impertinence | filaments |
| resuscitation | erroneous | adaptable | sedentary |
| redounding | filigree | chiffonier | fictitious |
| colossal | stereotype | incandescent | arraign |

154

| | | | |
|------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| expedite | inculcate | deciduous | pendent |
| chivalrous | inaugurate | incendiary | confidence |
| ingredient | loquacious | extravagant | extravagant |
| undefiled | deficiencies | deceitfully | rigorously |
| linguist | efficiency | tangible | repudiated |

155

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| equilibrium | epilepsy | decrepit | ameliorate |
| coagulate | ingenuity | allowances | prevalence |
| heliotrope | parity | deplorable | codicil |
| coliseum | suavity | desecrate | collation |
| effervescent | emanate | witticism | ambuscade |

156

| | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| reservoir | carnivorous | disinfectant | centipede |
| vulnerable | recipient | jardiniere | lineage |
| superficial | inveterate | lethargy | boudoir |
| commodious | appalling | indictable | itinerant |
| emblematical | dispensary | proximity | incipient |

157

| | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| projectile | italicize | nom de plume | reconnoiter |
| annihilate | chloroform | deterred | precarious |
| bituminous | prestige | veracious | indictment |
| vicissitudes | reprieve | suavity | plagiarize |
| voracious | receding | initiative | grandeur |

158

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| uproarious | arrogance | nefarious | tributary |
| acquiesce | anniversary | solder | retribution |
| variegated | conduit | malleable | satirist |
| belligerent | paradox | beleaguered | incipient |
| pecuniary | boulevard | traveled | coagulation |

159

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| arbitrary | memoir | propriety | supercilious |
| exonerate | harangue | arrogance | avocation |
| propitious | discernment | appropriate | perfidious |
| auspicious | judgment | colleague | inadequate |
| controversy | affable | dejection | loquacious |

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| | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| leniency | devastation | impede | symmetry |
| precarious | translucent | scurrilous | squander |
| absolve | assailant | genial | verify |
| auspicious | contemptuous | possible | feasible |
| prominent | discredit | confused | management |

RULES FOR SPELLING

The rules which follow relate to the retaining or dropping of final **e**; to the retaining or changing of final **y**; and to the doubling of the final consonant.

I Final **e** followed by a vowel

Final **e** of a word is usually dropped when that word takes a suffix beginning with a vowel, as in *blamable* and *moving*. The more important exceptions are: (a) If a suffix beginning with **a** or **o** is added to a word ending in **ge** or **ce**, the **e** is usually retained, as in *courageous* and *peaceable*; (b) final **e** is retained in words ending in **oe**, as in *hoeing*, and sometimes when ending in **e**, as in *singeing*.

II Final **e** followed by a consonant

Final **e** of a word is usually retained when that word takes a suffix beginning with a consonant, as in *largely* and *movement*. The more important exceptions are: (a) When the final **e** is preceded by a vowel, as in *truly*; (b) words ending in **dge**, as in *judgment*.

III Final **y** preceded by a consonant

Usually final **y** when preceded by a consonant in a word is changed to **i** when a suffix is added, as in *countries*. The more important exceptions are: (a) Final **y** is retained when the suffix **ing** or **ish** is added, as in *pitying*; (b) final **y** is retained in adjectives of one syllable, as in *shyness* and *dryness*.

IV Final **y** preceded by a vowel

Final **y** when preceded by a vowel in a word is not changed when a suffix is added, as in *joyless* and *obeyed*.

V Doubling of the final consonant

When a suffix beginning with a vowel is added, the final consonant, when preceded by a single vowel or a vowel after **qu**, is usually doubled in monosyllables and

words accented on the last syllable, as in *foppish* and *forgotten*. The important exceptions are final *x*, and when the accent is changed, as in *prefer*, *preference*.

VI When the final consonant is not doubled

A final consonant, when not preceded by a single vowel, or when the accent is not on the last syllable, should remain single when a suffix is added, as in *toiling* and *mur-muring*.

HOMONYMS

Teachers disagree as to the advisability of requiring the pupil to make a separate study of homonyms. If the pupil make such study, he should be required to use correctly in sentences all homonyms studied.

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| air | bale | been | boll | cannon | quire |
| heir | ball | bin | bowl | canon | chord |
| aisle | bawl | beer | bough | canvas | cord |
| isle | bare | bier | bow | canvass | clause |
| all | bear | bell | boy | cast | claws |
| awl | base | belle | buoy | caste | climb |
| alter | bass | berry | brake | cede | clime |
| altar | bask | bury | break | seed | coarse |
| arc | basque | berth | breach | ceil | course |
| ark | be | birth | breech | seal | colonel |
| ascent | bee | blew | bread | cell | kernel |
| assent | beach | blue | bred | sell | core |
| ate | beech | boar | but | cellar | corps |
| eight | beat | bore | butt | seller | cousin |
| auger | beet | bold | buy | cession | cozen |
| augur | beau | bowled | by | session | creak |
| bail | bow | bole | bye | choir | creek |

| | | | | | |
|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| dear | flow | hail | nap | main | pail |
| deer | fore | hale | knave | mane | pale |
| desert | four | hair | nave | mantel | pain |
| dessert | fort | hare | knead | mantle | pane |
| dew | forte | hall | need | marshal | peace |
| due | forth | haul | knew | martial | piece |
| die | fourth | heal | new | maul | peak |
| dye | foul | heel | knight | mall | peek |
| doe | fowl | hear | night | maize | pique |
| dough | freeze | here | know | maze | peal |
| draft | frieze | heard | no | mean | peel |
| draught | gait | herd | lade | mien | peer |
| earn | gate | hew | laid | meat | pier |
| urn | gamble | hue | lain | meet | pi |
| faint | gambol | high | lane | metal | pie |
| feint | gild | hie | leach | mettle | plain |
| fair | guild | higher | leech | might | plane |
| fare | gilt | hire | leased | mite | plum |
| feat | guilt | him | least | miner | plumb |
| feet | grate | hymn | lead | minor | pole |
| ferrule | great | hoses | led | missed | poll |
| ferule | grater | hose | lessen | mist | pore |
| find | greater | hole | lesson | moan | pour |
| fined | grease | whole | lie | mown | pray |
| fir | Greece | hour | lye | muscle | prey |
| fur | greave | our | links | mussel | profit |
| flea | grieve | in | lynx | nay | prophet |
| flee | groan | inn | loan | neigh | quarts |
| flew | grown | jam | lone | oar | quartz |
| flue | grocer | jamb | made | ore | rain |
| flour | grosser | kill | maid | o'er | reign |
| flower | guessed | kiln | mail | one | rein |
| floe | guest | knap | male | won | raise |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------|---------|----------|---------|--------|
| raze | root | sheer | son | tare | tow |
| rap | route | shone | sun | tear | vain |
| wrap | rote | shown | stair | tea | vane |
| read | wrote | sighs | stare | tee | vein |
| reed | rough | size | stake | team | vice |
| read | ruff | sight | steak | teem | vise |
| red | rye | site | stalk | tear | waist |
| rest | wry | cite | stock | tier | waste |
| wrest | sail | skull | steal | the | wait |
| scene | sale | scull | steel | thee | weight |
| seen | sea | slay | step | throe | waive |
| seine | see | sleigh | steppe | throw | wave |
| ring | seam | sleight | straight | throne | ware |
| wring | seem | slight | strait | thrown | wear |
| road | serf | soar | suite | threw | way |
| rode | surf | sore | sweet | through | weigh |
| role | sew | sole | tail | to | weak |
| roll | so | soul | tale | too | week |
| roe | sow | some | taper | two | wood |
| row | shear | sum | tapir | toe | would |

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